

# Hawaiian Gazette.

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## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

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H. M. WHITNEY, : : Editor.  
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## CHINESE REVOLUTION.

The Rebel Forces Growing Larger in the Empire.

TROOPS NEEDED IN FORMOSA.

Bicyclist Lenz' Grave—Carlisle May Go on Supreme Bench—Monarchists in Brazil—Maher Champion Pugilist. Terrific Storm Reported in England.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Special dispatches from Shanghai say the rebels in Northwest China are mostly armed with rifles of Russian manufacture. It is added that their leader, while maintaining strict discipline among his followers, accords to foreigners benevolent protection. He has sent a sort of ultimatum to the Imperial government announcing his intention to advance upon Peking should the answer prove unfavorable.

The rebels are now said to number over 60,000, and the Imperial forces, utterly incapable to resist, are committing excesses in the territory under the rebels' control. Whole towns and villages are said to have been subjected to rapine, and the fields in the neighborhood are littered with corpses.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 9.—The Mercury reports that mutiny has broken out among the soldiers of Kin Kiang, and that they are defying the officials, who seem powerless, as they refuse to surrender their arms. Affairs are in a very critical state, and panic exists among the natives. The weather is clearing, however. The foreign representatives are armed, having been warned and prepared for any emergency.

DRAWS TOWARD BRITAIN.  
Russia's Course in the East Altered by Recent Events.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 13.—A diplomat with whom I had a conversation today said: "Events of late have all tended toward a rapprochement between Russia and England. This is the keynote of the situation as it exists at the present moment."

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 13.—Special dispatches from Vladivostok to the Novos Vremya today say that, owing to the presence of a British fleet at Foo Chow, the Viceroy has executed eight assassins. So finishes that question. Another, however, has arisen in the misunderstanding between the English and the Japanese. It has its origin in the illegal examination of a British merchant ship by the Japanese, who were seeking the fugitive chief of the Black Flags.

SEUL (Corea), Nov. 13.—The policy of inaction now being pursued by Japan is creating distrust as to the sincerity of the intention to set right the wrong done by her coup d'etat of October 8th. Mr. Waiber, Russian Charge d'Affaires, has notified the Japanese Minister that if the King is not restored to his rights by Japan, action will be taken by Russia. The situation in Corea at present is critical.

JOHN A. COCKERILL.  
TO LEAVE PORT ARTHUR.

Japanese Will Evacuate Immediately They Receive the Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The purpose of Japan is to evacuate Port Arthur and the Lia Tung peninsula by February 10th next, which is three months from the date of the payment by China of 80,000,000 taels agreed upon for the evacuation. While three months is fixed for the time within which the evacuation may be made, it is probable that the Japanese will not take the limit of time, but will set about retiring from Port Arthur immediately upon the payment of the 80,000,000 taels on next Tuesday as the cost of the maintenance of the army is very heavy.

It is understood also that a further feature of the treaty for the surrender of Port Arthur is that its evacuation by Japan will not be followed by a cession of the fortress to any other power. An unofficial statement to this effect has been made and is credited here, but the Japanese legation has received no official advice.

STORM SWEEPS ENGLAND.  
Many Buildings Wrecked, Harbors Damaged and Ships Stranded.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—A severe storm is raging over Scotland, the northern part of England and Ireland. Telegraphic communication and railroad traffic are seriously interfered with.

The storm commenced yesterday evening with a heavy gale, soon after accompanied by torrents of rain. Bridges were washed away, large tracts of territory inundated, many buildings wrecked, harbors damaged and ships stranded. The loss of life, however, was light.

The British bark Highland Home, which arrived at Fleetwood October 18th from Portland, Or., and which left Fleetwood for London, was lost near Milford. Her crew, consisting of seventeen men, is missing.

The Czarina Is Dying.  
LONDON, Nov. 9.—Advices from

St. Peter-burg state that the Czarina, born Princess Alix of Hesse, is in danger of momentary death. She has had to undergo the Cæsarian operation. The palace physicians and gynecological specialists told the Czar that neither the mother nor the child could survive. The Czarina is at Tarskol Selo.

Japan Mail Line.

TACOMA, Nov. 10.—Miki Saito, the new Japanese Consul, who arrived last night, says that one of his duties will be to make a report upon the feasibility of establishing a Japanese mail steamship line to this country.

After becoming settled he will investigate the commercial interests of his jurisdiction, make inquiries as to the prospects of business and ascertain what advantages various cities can offer for the terminus. He thinks the line will be established to Puget Sound, or some southern port. The line will be established by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, or Japan Mail Steamship Company, which is heavily subsidized by the government, and has on hand extra steamers which were purchased and used as transports during the Chinese war. The Company has recently started a line to Australia, and another is projected to Formosa.

MAHER THE CHAMPION.  
Corbett Surrendered That Title to Him Yesterday.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Peter Maher is now the champion fighter of the world. There is absolutely no one who disputes with him that title. James J. Corbett today met the new champion at the Sturtevant House, and after hearty congratulations surrendered to him any claim he might have upon the title which he has held since he met and defeated John L. Sullivan. The meeting between the new champion and the former holder of the title was an exceedingly friendly one. Corbett reiterated his intention of never again entering a prize ring, and in a many manner acknowledged Maher as the foremost pugilist of the day. The action of Corbett makes a challenge upon the part of Maher impossible. The latter said today: "I am willing to fight any man in the world for \$20,000. No, I shall not challenge Corbett. That, in my mind, would not be sportsmanlike. He has voluntarily resigned the championship in my favor and acknowledges me as the heavy-weight champion of the world. I certainly can ask no more of him, and under the circumstances will not make myself obnoxious by insisting upon a fight from him. He has accepted me all I ask, and in a many and straightforward way. I will, however, meet any man in the world if he prefers Fitzsimmons. As I said before I will make a side bet of \$20,000, but rather than not get a match, will fight for anything from \$5000 up."

THE STRANDED BELGIC.  
Investigation of the Affair—The Captain Reprimanded.

TOKIO, Japan, Oct. 27.—The circumstances connected with the stranding of the Occidental and Oriental steamer Belgic at Sunosaki on the 8th of September, were investigated by a Marine Court in the British Consulate, Yokohama, on the 21st day of October. Many rumors having been circulated as to the state of the captain, Walker, immediately before and after the accident, damaging revelations were expected. But with the exception of the chief officer's evidence, nothing was said that would reflect upon the captain. The rumors were refuted. The chief officer swore that the captain was in a "dazed and dull condition" shortly after the accident; that he was apparently under the influence of liquor, and that his habits were not temperate. But as the chief officer was admittedly on bad terms with the captain, and as all the other witnesses spoke in the opposite sense, the court refused to credit the chief officer's evidence and limited itself to reprimanding the captain for an error in judgment. The captain frankly admitted that the accident had been caused by his own defective calculation, in mistaking one headland for another. He had continued in the command of the Belgic.

ROUTE RECOMMENDED.  
Nicaragua Canal Commission Has Made Favorable Report.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The Herald's Washington special says: "I obtained trustworthy information today as to the report of the commission which examined into the feasibility and cost and recommended a route for the Nicaragua canal. The report is in the hands of the President, who is using it in connection with his work on his annual message. The report indicates that a canal across the isthmus via the Nicaraguan route is entirely feasible from an engineering point of view. The cost of the project is estimated at \$110,000,000, but it is stated that this sum is also too small by some millions. The route as proposed by the commission is 173 miles long, or three or four miles longer than that which the canal company proposed."

Sure They Will Win.  
COLON, Nov. 11.—The Monarchists in Brazil, according to a Rio dispatch, declare that the Republic cannot last longer than six months more. The French warship Dubouché has arrived at Rio de Janeiro.

England to Fight Ashantee.  
LONDON, Nov. 11.—It is expected that war against Ashantee will be declared at the next Cabinet Council. The authorities at Woolwich arsenal have received orders to forward all the necessary stores to Accra.

## THE SULTAN OF TURKEY IS GROVER YIELDING?

The United States May Join Favorable Now to Annexation It is Said.

THE TURKISH THRONE TOTTERING WILL INTRODUCE RESOLUTION.

United States Troops May Land in Constantinople—Massacre of Armenians—European Powers Will Take a Hand—Other Important News.

Plans for Next Congress—Hawaiian Affairs will be Considered—President Grover Cleveland will Agree to a Joint Resolution, Perhaps.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The Herald's Washington special says: For the first time in the history of the world, United States troops are likely before long to be on guard in the streets of the city of Constantinople. Secretary Olney has come to believe that the power of the Sultan is tottering and the dismemberment of the empire is merely a matter of time. There are occasions for believing that the British government, through Sir Julian Pauncefote, has sounded the State Department with a view of securing the co-operation of this government.

While Admiral Selfridge, Commander of the European station, will not be instructed to take an active and actual part in the naval movements which every one expects soon, with his little fleet of two ships, the San Francisco and Marblehead, he will be pretty close to the Golden Horn when the allied fleets pass through the Dardanelles. Admiral Selfridge will follow in their wake, and when the naval battalions are landed it is believed he will land a party for the protection of the American legation and the lives and property of American citizens. Such a movement would not in any way involve this country with the politics of Europe, but would merely be in line with precedent.

It is believed at the State Department that the reported massacre of 10,000 Armenians is an exaggeration, but the gravest concern is felt for the safety of every person who is not a Turk. Minister Terrell, acting under specific instructions from the State Department, has warned the Sultan and his ministers in the plainest language possible that they will be held responsible for every American life sacrificed, but diplomats versed in knowledge of the Turkish character and peculiar situation prevailing, doubt if the Sultan has it in his hands to protect foreigners, even if there is a disposition so to do.

Disquieting rumors regarding the security of the Christian teachers in Turkey between Trebizond and Erzerum, were about the State Department today, but the officials refused to allow the popular apprehension. There is ground for the belief that the Department has heard from Minister Terrell today, and that his advice, while showing that a perilous state of affairs confronts the American missionaries and teachers in that section, does not say that actual murders have been reported. The Navy Department also has a most energetic officer as near to the scene of the rumored trouble as a warship can get, in the person of Captain O'Neill of the Marblehead, and up to the close of office hours he made no report of a massacre, as he would undoubtedly have done had the news reached him. The nearest State Department representative is United States Consul Jewett at Sivas, but he also has been silent.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—A dispatch from Constantinople to Frankfurter Zeitung says that the Russian Ambassador, A. de Nelidoff, declares Russia would not accept the mandate of the powers to pacify Armenia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 13.—Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs, Tefik Pascha, replied today to the notes of the diplomatic representatives of Great Britain, Russia and France, assuring them, as he previously assured the Ambassadors of Germany, Austria and Italy, that the Turkish Government's statement of what measures it intends in Asia Minor will be presented to the Ambassadors "without delay."

Another complication seems likely to arise, which may give the Sultan further excuse for inaction. The Hall of Ministries is said to be tottering, and another Cabinet change is likely to occur at any time.

Fresh disturbances are reported from Malatia, where a number of persons have been killed, including four priests of the Society of Jesus, under French protection. The French Ambassador, M. Cambon, is preparing a strong representation on this subject to the Porte. A squadron of five French warships has sailed from Piræus for Turkish waters and will rendezvous with the British fleet within a few days.

Found Lenz's Grave.  
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 9.—Homer A. Canfield, business partner of W. L. Sachtleben, received a telegram from Sachtleben at Erzerum, Armenia, announcing that the grave of Frank Lenz, the murdered cyclist, has been found and proof indisputably collected against the murderers.

Carlisle May Get It.  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Post will say tomorrow that Secretary Carlisle may be appointed to the Supreme Court bench to succeed the late Justice Jackson.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—A special to a morning paper from Washington says: Hawaii may, after all, become a part of the United States, and that within the coming year. Information of a trustworthy nature has been secured concerning the Hawaiian program to be adopted by the friends of annexation during the coming winter.

The joint resolution will be introduced either in the House or Senate requesting the President to negotiate the treaty of annexation with the Government of Hawaii. This resolution will have the sanction of the President of the Hawaiian Government and of the new Hawaiian Minister to this Government, Mr. Hatch, who today arrived in San Francisco en route to Washington. Still more important, it will have the approval of President Cleveland.

The resolution as introduced or amended will provide that, if the President concurs and the Government of Hawaii is willing, the scheme of annexation shall include a submission of the question of joining the American Union to the voters of the Islands. In this form President Cleveland will agree to the resolution, and willingly undertake the work of negotiating a treaty. No doubt is felt by Hawaiians of influence and extended information that their Government will be glad to negotiate such a treaty and that when the question is submitted to the suffrage of the Hawaiian people it will be carried by a large majority.

OLYMPIA, THE FLAGSHIP.  
Admiral Carpenter Recalled From Asiatic Station.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Secretary Herbert today issued orders relieving Rear Admiral Carpenter from the command of the Asiatic station and directing him to return home without delay. The Secretary also assigned Commodore F. V. McNair, now President of the Naval Examining and Recruiting Board, as his relief. Admiral Carpenter has been in Asiatic waters a year. Commodore McNair will hoist his flag on the Olympia, and will have under his command the finest fleet this country has had on the station in years. Admiral Carpenter, on reaching home, will be placed on waiting orders until his retirement next February.

The arrival of the Olympia will lead to the detachment of the Baltimore from the station as flagship and her return to San Francisco, after an absence from the United States of over two years.

The fleet under Admiral McNair will consist of the Olympia, Charleston, Machias, Concord, Yorktown, Petrel, Detroit and Monocacy.

SHERMAN FOR MCKINLEY.  
He Expresses the Hope That the Major Will Be Nominated and Elected.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 13.—The following letter was today received by Colonel H. G. Otis, editor of the Los Angeles Times, from John Sherman, in response to a congratulatory note in reference to the latter's determination to lead his assistance in leading the Republican forces in favor of McKinley:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7, 1895.  
COLONEL H. G. OTIS:—Your note of the 29th ult. is received, for which please accept my hearty thanks. The recent elections have cleared the political sky, and I believe, fairly open a way for the nomination of Major McKinley. He will be heartily supported by the delegation from Ohio, and, I trust, will be nominated and elected.

Very truly yours,  
JOHN SHERMAN.

More Troops Needed in Formosa.  
ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 11.—The Vladivostok correspondent of the "Novos Vremya" telegraphs that the Japanese on the island of Formosa have established their headquarters at Tai Wan, and have called for fresh reinforcements in view of the fact that the natives continue their resistance to the occupation of that island by the troops of Japan.

Brazil and Great Britain.  
NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—A dispatch to the World from Colon, Colombia, says: British civil engineers are surveying a route for a railway line from Demarara into Brazil. Brazil will make a formal protest against a new British map including Brazilian territory in British Guiana.

Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.



## THE PATHWAYS OF LIFE

A Great and Telling Sermon by  
Mr. Yatman.

ASSOCIATION HALL CROWDED.

The Evangelist Points Out the Way.  
The Difference Between the Roads.  
Nearly Two Hundred Converted to  
God—Successful Course to Pursue.

Association Hall was more than crowded Tuesday—it was jammed—to hear Mr. Yatman deliver his last sermon of the series, entitled "The Pathways of Life." The illustrations were not just what a good many people expected; they wanted a lot of magic lantern slides, with pictures of Honolulu representing Paradise and Chicago representing the other place on them, but they were not there. Instead, there was an immense chart, on which lines were drawn representing the straight and narrow path to heaven, and the broad roadway to hell. At the end of each road was a large letter D representing the door to eternity, and beyond were Jesus, heaven and glory; below were Satan, hell and groans. From this Mr. Yatman preached his sermon, taking his text from Joshua xxiv: 15. "Choose ye tonight whom ye will serve."

Before beginning his discourse, Mr. Yatman announced that on Thursday next D. W. Corbett and A. B. Wood would begin a Bible class for young men in the Y. M. C. A., and invited every man who was present to attend. He also requested that all converts to God through these Y. M. C. A. meetings to be sure by the scriptures that they had learned that God is love. There has sprung up a knowledge in some quarters that God is not love. "I am not sure," said Mr. Yatman, "but I have tried to make it plain, I have tried to make this known. I want you to know that you cannot make believe to be a Christian; you cannot try to be a Christian any more than you can try to be a wife, but you can try to be a good wife and a good Christian."

Mr. Yatman then related an instance of the meeting of a young girl and her lover at Ocean Grove, and described them walking, instead of riding from the railway station to the hotel, and the happiness their faces showed was in their hearts. "The good Lord wants to walk with you, my beloved," said the speaker, "just as they walked, and I can see now the happiness that will beam on your countenances if you will only let Him do it."

Mr. Yatman spoke of the beautiful flowers as the work of the Almighty, and selecting one from a number that were in a vase on the piano said: "Years in your life pass by and you are asked to give yourself to God. You say 'No, not yet' and those years are trampled under foot the same as I pick these petals and cast them on the floor. Again you are asked and you say 'not yet' and more years of your life have gone with no thought of God until finally naught remains but the stem, and you are willing to give that to God. Why not come tonight and give Him some of the blossoms. Which shall it be? Don't fling the flag end of a mispent life to your Creator. He will help you but go to Him before Death comes to close your eyes forever." Miss Grace Richards was asked to sing and she rendered in excellent voice the hymn beginning "In the house of the Lord the soul shall dwell." Mr. Yatman began his sermon by indicating the letters B and A on the chart. "The first letter stands for birth," said the evangelist, "the second account-ability and between these two periods represent the children who have gone to Heaven, none have gone to hell no matter whether they be the infants of the heathens or the Christians the cries of babies are never heard in hell. 'A' stands for more than accountability—it stands for age of the gospel. Take your places at A and look from that hour in your lives down to where you stand today; look to the chart, at Eternity, without beginning and without end. Look below at the gulf which surrounds hell. The Bible tells you that the gulf is fixed, and they who are below can never pass above. They never sing there; heaven has all the singers. We are approaching death, and Jesus tells you there is a broad and narrow way; death is the doorway to Eternity. Each road has its doorway, but there is as much difference between the two roads as there is between up and down. In the one there is light and happiness; in the other there is gloom and despair."

The speaker then spoke of the death of the infidel, who, upon reaching the door leading to eternity that all was dark, cried, "Light, light," but there was none. Then, by way of comparison, he told of the death scene of a friend who had lived a Christian life. "From tonight," continued Mr. Yatman, "you go up or down the pathways of life. Which path shall be yours? Jesus stands at the cross-roads to receive you if you will go to Him. Won't you go? He loves you go to Him. You've entered the homes of drunks, you've seen the misery depicted upon the faces of the wife and the children. That, my beloved, is a fragment of hell. You've been in homes where happiness was ever apparent—it is a fragment of heaven. Some people will tell you that the broad road leads to heaven, but it is a lie; you can't go that road and get to heaven. Suppose a man was to come here and place a sign a thousand feet long and a hundred feet high down on the beach and point on it, 'Atlantic Ocean.' Does he mean it? Why, a smarter man would come along and prove to you by a map in the geography that it is not so. It is the difference in the character of the men, between the two pathways of

life. Let me tell you that below the broad road there are hovels and desolation; along the narrow road there is wickedness, but it is in broad cloth and splendor; but, my beloved, let me tell you that a wicked man dressed in broad cloth cannot enter the kingdom of heaven any quicker than one dressed in rags—it's the heart that tells."

On the platform in the hall were seated the venerable Hiram Bingham, Revs. Soares, Peck, Gulick, Dr. J. M. Whitney and others. Mr. Yatman looked around him and said: "I am going to tell you something which these preachers may not like, but I want to tell you just the same. If you are going to take the broad road, get out of it all there is in it, all that may be had, for when you get to D there will be no more getting; its all behind you—nothing ahead when you come to the doorway of eternity on that road. People with hidden sins take the broad road—wicked people take that road. The narrow path is not so narrow when you get into it; it will hold a world of people if they will go. There's the path—the path the saints take. I look at the chart every night before I go to sleep and I wonder how near I am to the gate. That road may be seemingly dark to some of you, but there is plenty of light ahead. I want to say to those who have been converted at these meetings and who have selected the narrow pathway to life, that you will find lots of people who will try and pull you down and off the road, but they can't harm you if you have a determination to win, remember that you can be laughed into hell but you can't be laughed out of it. Let me advise you to keep in the middle of the road and then they can't get you out of it, you may feel faint and sick, the young converts get that way sometime, but keep on and you will get stronger. On Thursday I will leave for New Zealand. Some days during my journey I may not feel well and it won't make any difference whether we travel three hundred miles a day or a hundred, I shall go just as far as the captain will permit, never gets ill, and if we keep on going ahead we will get to Auckland some time."

"Thursday I leave you, and now listen to my last words. Take the narrow path, which leads to heaven, for you cannot take the broad one without tramping through the blood of Christ, and when you reach eternity through the gate at the end of the broad road you can only think, think that you might have been above had you taken the narrow path."

At the close of the sermon Mr. Yatman invited all of those who had been converted at the previous meetings, as well as those who had at this sermon selected the path by which they would journey through life, to step to the platform and go up into a room into the hall. It was estimated that upward of two hundred young, middle-aged and old responded to the call. Among them were persons who have been regular attendants at churches here for years.

## BEET SUGAR AT STOCKTON.

Claus Spreckels Looks at Lands and Says He Will Build a Factory.

STOCKTON, Nov. 8.—That Claus Spreckels has plans which will insure to the benefit of Stockton, was made evident by his actions while in the city today. Ostensibly he came in connection with the building of the Valley road, but the principal portion of his time today was spent in looking over the country to the west of the city, with a view to purchasing some of it for the cultivation of the sugar beet.

The title of "The Sugar King" as given to Mr. Spreckels is not too lost in the title which comes to him as the President of the Valley Railroad, and it is the intention of the "Sugar King" to build other beet-sugar factories in California, one of which will be located in Stockton. This afternoon while other visitors made a trip to the front to watch the workmen at their track laying, Mr. Spreckels took a drive of thirty-five miles about the country west of the city, visiting portions of Roberts and Union islands, where the rich, fertile lands have been reclaimed, and where there are other acres, just as rich to be reclaimed. The companion of Mr. Spreckels on the trip was Thomas Magee, who is acknowledged to be one of the best judges of lands in the State, and whose articles on the uses to which lands in California may be put, have received wide publication.

When asked regarding his hard drive, which he acknowledged was not one of pleasure, Mr. Spreckels said: "We have been looking at land that is suitable for the cultivation of the sugar beet. I shall, some time soon, build other factories for the manufacture of beet sugar in California, and all things considered I think that Stockton is favorably located for the establishment of one of them here."

"The reclaimed lands at which we were looking today are capable of raising beets with a large percentage of sugar in them. In fact, there is little trouble in raising them in California. In and about Stockton there is so much land of the reclaimed character and so much more that can be reclaimed that I consider the city an advantageous position for such a factory. Besides that there is the idea of making business for the new road."

"Where will the factory be located?"

"Here."

"But whereabouts in Stockton?"

"Oh, that is something for future consideration. I have not fully matured the plans, but may have something of interest to say on the occasion of my next visit."

## Will Investigate Methods.

The Government has concluded to have the methods of the persons engaged in securing Chinese laborers in China investigated, owing to the reports circulated by the last batch of laborers that they were misled into coming here. It is the intention of Minister Cooper to ascertain, possibly through disinterested persons just what course the agents in China pursue in order to secure consent of persons to come here and sign contracts.

## WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE UNION.

Election of Officers Yesterday.  
Addresses by Visitors.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held in the parlors of Central Union Church Tuesday afternoon. Over thirty ladies were present and a most enthusiastic meeting resulted.

The following officers were chosen to serve during the ensuing year: Mrs. J. M. Whitney, president; Mrs. T. D. Garvin, Mrs. H. W. Peck and Mrs. P. C. Jones, vice-presidents; Mrs. R. J. Green, recording secretary; Mrs. E. Jordan, corresponding secretary and Mrs. L. B. Coan, treasurer.

Mrs. Rosecrans of Oberlin, Ohio, who came to the islands recently for the purpose of entering into mission work among the Chinese, gave a short interesting talk on temperance.

Reports were read as follows: Miss Chamberlain on Temperance Literature and Woman's Exchange; Miss Nellie Judd on the Loyal Legion; Mrs. Jordan on the Y. W. C. T. U.; Miss Mary Green on the Hawaiians and Mrs. R. J. Green on the work of the W. C. T. U. during the past year.

In Miss Mary Green's paper on work among the Hawaiians were some valuable points of information. Miss Green says in part: "In February of the present year I left for Hawaii, remaining there nine weeks and visiting from house to house among the Hawaiians. I found a great many men and women who had kept inviolate the pledge they had taken several years before. At Haile church I addressed a full house. Union meetings are held each month, and are always looked forward to with glad anticipation by the various nationalities of Hilo and vicinity. Work was done at Hilo jail. I learned through the natives of Hilo that there is much drinking and carousing at a retired place near the sea shore. Much illicit selling goes on not only in Hilo but elsewhere on Hawaii. Patiently, a band of ladies, foreign and Hawaiian, are at work in Hilo Monthly meetings are held for prayer and consultation on the methods of work."

"I found the Kula district in Maui influenced by the curse of alcohol and kahunaism."

"Cholera in Hawaii nei marks a new feature in our country's history. It is a noticeable fact that not a member of our native churches in Honolulu has been a victim of the dread destroyer."

"The Reform School boys of Palama I meet weekly for instructions in temperance."

"The 'Hui Manawalea' is a benevolent sewing society, consisting of Hawaiian and foreign ladies who meet each Friday. It is our aim to aid those rendered unfortunate through the curse of the saloon."

## COURT NEWS.

Witnesses in the foreclosure case of Bishop & Co. vs. Trustee of Estate of Walter Murray Gibson, deceased, gave testimony before James Thompson, clerk by stipulation, on Monday, and Judge Whiting appointed P. C. Jones receiver pending a hearing of the case on the 25th instant. Unless the parties at interest shall raise sufficient money to satisfy the creditors a sale will probably be ordered.

In the matter of Estate of Podym minors, Judge Whiting has granted permission to K. Podym, guardian, to sell certain real estate.

Patrick McInerney and M. R. Colburn were yesterday discharged from bankruptcy.

J. Doherty, engineer on one of the Inter-Island steamers, was on trial before Judge Magoon yesterday for having opium in possession. The jury, after deliberating about an hour, brought in a verdict of acquittal. Paul de Vergne prosecuted the case, and Paul Neumann defended.

Kuen Chan plead guilty to the charge of conspiracy and the sentence of the District Court was confirmed. He will pay a fine of \$5 and serve six months at hard labor.

The suit of A. M. Beattie vs. James F. Morgan, on trial before Judge Whiting, and a verdict rendered in favor of defendant.

A nolle prosequi was entered by the prosecution in the case of Republic of Hawaii vs. Miguel Luiz, charged with assault and battery.

The wife of Mr. Leonard Wells, of East Brimfield, Mass., had been suffering from neuralgia for two days, not being able to sleep or hardly keep still, when Mr. Holden, the merchant there, sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and asked that she give it a thorough trial. On meeting Mr. Wells the next day he was told that she was all right, the pain had left her within two hours, and that the bottle of Pain Balm was worth \$5.00 if it could not be had for less. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by all dealers. Beeson, Smith & Co., agents for H. I.

## A THANKSGIVING DINNER.

Typical of Everything Grown in all the Lavish Summer.

Mrs. Burton Kingsland, writing in Table Talk, says: In the year of grace, 1894, a Thanksgiving dinner was given by a descendant of the Puritan pilgrims to twenty-four of her kinsfolk, which was significant of its almost boundless resources.

"A typical Thanksgiving dinner represents everything that has grown in all the lavish summer, fit to make glad the heart of man," says Beecher, and the hostess was mindful of his words."

In the center of the table was a large silver tray, piled high with apples, pears, grapes, oranges, bananas, "lady apples," nuts encased in their green sheaths, and the whole artistically decorated with vine leaves. At either end was a sheaf of wheat two feet high, in the center of which bloomed American beauty roses—life's luxuries based on its necessities—and at the four corners horns of plenty made of very fine straw, out of which tumbled hot-house grapes and fine California fruit. At each place there was a tiny box of red, white and blue satin, containing, besides the bon-bons, five grains of corn, in memory of the starvation times of New England.

The menu was a fin de siècle adaptation of the traditional fare—Blue Point Oysters, Gumbo Soup, Boiled Cod, Eggs Sauce, Terrapin, Boiled Turkey, Oyster Sauce, Roast Turkey, Stuffed with Chestnuts; Cranberry Sauce, Sweet Potato Croquettes, Celery, Boston Baked Beans, Corn Fritters, a Haunch of Venison, with Currant Jelly (a souvenir in honor of Massachusetts), and Canvasback Ducks, with Celery Mayonnaise.

The large pumpkin pie was wreathed with golden chrysanthemums, and, with the turkeys, shared the chief distinction of the feast. Huckleberry pies, Indian pudding and ice cream, in the form of a large American eagle, were followed by fruit, nut candies, and tea in lieu of coffee—their ancestors having vindicated the right to drink it. Besides the new cider, only California wines and the native mineral waters were served.



M. L. Cheuvront  
Leonard, Mo.

## In Agony

15 Years With Salt Rheum

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave a Perfect Cure.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:"

"Hood's Sarsaparilla is an excellent medicine. I had eczema in my left leg for fifteen years. Part of the time my leg was so much swollen, and about every week corruption would gather under the skin and the scabs would slough off."

The itching and burning sensation made me suffer indescribable agonies. I spent a great deal of money for different remedies but did not get relief. About a year ago, leading physicians advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I did so and have taken five bottles."

Now all the sores, scabs and pain have vanished and I am enjoying perfect health. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is second to none and gladly recommend it to all suffering humanity."

M. L. CHEUVRONT, Leonard, Missouri.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY,  
Wholesale Agents.



THE AGENCY FOR  
NESTLE'S MILK FOOD  
IS WITH THE  
Hollister Drug Company, Limited,  
528 Fort Street, Honolulu, H. I.  
Daily Advertiser 75c. a month.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S**  
**CHLORODYNE.**  
Original and Only Genuine.  
COUGHS,  
COLDS,  
ASTHMA,  
BRONCHITIS.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer,  
J. T. DAVENPORT,  
38 Great Russell Street, London, W. C.

**AYER'S**  
**Cherry Pectoral**  
HAS NO EQUAL  
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF  
**Colds, Coughs,**  
Influenza, and  
**SORE THROAT.**

It will relieve the most distressing cough, soothe the inflamed membrane, loosen the phlegm, and induce refreshing sleep. For the cure of Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all the pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, there is no other remedy so effective as

**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral**  
HIGHEST AWARDS AT THE  
World's Great Expositions.

Made by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Beware of cheap imitations. The name—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral—is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each of our bottles.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY,  
Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

**POWELL'S**  
**BALSAM OF ANISEED**  
WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.  
ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNIZED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense sale throughout the whole civilized world proves its great worth.

Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

IN PALACE AND OUTRAGE ALIKE, Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is the old and unexcelled Cough REMEDY. Its rare and precious ingredients, selected from the most famous sources, and its pure and pleasant flavor, make it the most valuable of all cough remedies.

CONSEAL THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATELY. NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER. Beware of cheap imitations. Established 1824.

SCATTERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT OMIT THIS TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH.

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND EAST INDIES.

Agents for Honolulu,  
HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, L.D.

S. T. ALEXANDER H. P. BALDWIN

**ALEXANDER & BALDWIN**

Commission Merchants,

NO. 3 CALIFORNIA STREET,  
SAN FRANCISCO.

Island Orders Promptly Filled.

## Why Treat Your Friends

better than yourself? Why advise friends to take something for their coughs when you neglect yours? There's no positive cure for consumption in advanced stages. Nip the cough with a dose of

## Putnam's Cherry Cough Comfort

continue with a few more and cure it.

Treat yourself generously and thoughtfully, as you do your friends. Pleasant to take for old or young, and should always be in the Family Medicine Chest.

SOLD IN 25c. and 50c. BOTTLES.

## Hobron Drug Co.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

SEQUAH  
Endorsed by the English Press.

"ROCKDALE OBSERVER" [May 3, 1890], remarks: "Some remarkable cures have certainly been effected by Sequah's medicines."

"STERFORD NEWS" [Apr. 6th, 1890], speaking of Sequah's remedies, says: "The cures remain, and men are walking about to-day, who for the past ten years read novels in their beds during the intervals snatched from dry, fast, potious and pills."

"ROCKDALE STAR" [May 2, 1890], "The cures made by Sequah's Remedies, have excited a great deal of talk, because the patients art well known as having suffered a number of years. Some of them have been afflicted for 20 years."

"ROCKDALE STAR" [May 3rd, 1890], "It cannot be denied that persons well known in Rockdale, known to have suffered from the poor man's curse, rheumatism, have secured permanent relief by the use of Sequah's Remedies."

## Hobron Drug Co.

AGENTS.  
"SEQUAH" LTD., LONDON.

## Look Up

what the best medical authorities have to say about Petroleum and you will be surprised to learn what great anti-septic and healing powers this oil possesses.

**Angier's**

**Petroleum Emulsion**

The Food-Medicine, contains all of the cleansing, soothing, curative and reconstructive properties of this wonderful "Earth Sap," rendered practically tasteless. It is more than a substitute for cod-liver oil in diseases of the throat and lungs, stomach and bowels. It Cures.

50 cents and \$1.00.

Angier Chemical Co., Boston.

HOBSON DRUG CO.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS.



## THE FIRST BATTALION.

A Large Gathering Last Night at the Square.

## BOYS WHO KNOW HOW TO DRILL.

A Great Time on Union Square—Very Few Absent—Commendable Work of the Boys—Colonel McLean Well Pleased—Additions to the Ranks.

What did the First Battalion of the National Guard of Hawaii do last night? Well, they just didn't do a thing but show the crowds on Union Square what the correct definition of drilling is.

Even before 7 o'clock the men of Companies A, B, C and E, constituting the First Battalion, collected in the drill hall preparatory to formation for the battalion drill. When the companies were formed it was found that only those with good excuses were absent.

Professor Berger had his band out in full force and every man was in excellent condition to blow a hard blow, but a sweet one. And the drum corps which followed the band seemed ready for the most intricate performances on the drum.

Promptly at 7:30 o'clock the band, followed by the four companies, marched out of the shed and down to Union Square.

Preceded by the band the battalion passed in review before Colonel McLean, every platoon showing a straight front and the distance between each one never varying. Perhaps in all previous drills the work of the men never showed to such good advantage as that of last night. Every officer seemed to be on the alert for any mistake on the part of the men. But they found occasion for few words. Colonel McLean's face beamed with pleasure as the last platoon passed by.

After review followed the dress parade in which Colonel McLean commanded. The manual of arms was performed as if by one soldier.

Then came the battalion drill commanded by Major McLeod. Up and down and all over the square marched the battalion performing the movements with precision and earning just commendation from the spectators. At 8:45 the battalion marched down King, up Fort, on to Hotel and back to the drill shed where the band played the "National Guard of Hawaii" and the men broke ranks.

Soda water flowed freely in the various company rooms.

Company A elected to membership, L. Berndt, formerly sergeant in Company F. Seven new members will be elected at the next meeting.

Company B elected two new members and did some other business.

Company C will elect eight new men at the next meeting.

## WE ARE TO HAVE A CABLE.

Colonel Spalding Gets Every Encouragement.

Eastern Capitalists Willing to Support It—The Scheme Considered Good. President to Recommend Aid.

From private advices it is learned that Colonel Spalding has received great encouragement from the capitalists in the East regarding his cable scheme. The monied men of New York, Boston and Washington look upon a cable to Hawaii as an absolute necessity and should be built by American capital, even though it may not be a paying investment from the start.

Among the clubmen in New York and Washington the impression exists that operations will begin even before the time allowance expires. The reasons for the haste being due to the fact that Honolulu is fast being recognized as an important point both commercially and strategically. The fact that the situation in the Orient is as it is and with nothing to lead the people in the United States to feel that it will be permanently settled very soon brings to them a realization of the importance of a trans-Pacific cable.

President Cleveland has been spoken to on the subject and has expressed himself as favorable to the scheme, and from his remarks it is believed he will favor substantial assistance.

The news received are considered

favorable, and whatever doubt has been felt regarding the completion of the cable may be dispelled.

## A NEW GIBRALTAR.

Within a year it is confidentially expected the Straits of Fuca will echo the music of the shore guns at Esquimault, Great Britain's new and most modern line of defenses at the southern extremity of Vancouver Island. Never has a military undertaking in time of profoundest peace been prosecuted with stricter secrecy than the construction of these fortifications, and all that Victorians know about the marvelous system of protection at their doors might be told in a few brief paragraphs—that the new forts are designed for stern work, not for display; that their armament will be the most modern and best in the world; that submarine mines and torpedoes are a prominent feature; that the "forts" are located somewhere in the bowels of the earth between Point Macaulay and Esquimault navy yard; that the magazines are stocked for siege if necessary, and that the work of construction is now nearly accomplished, and that of equipment has begun. How the forts look from the shore none can say save the uncommunicative officers in charge, for in the past two years the scene of operations has night and day been surrounded by a line of sentinels, to pass whom nothing less than an order from the Imperial War Office was required. The workmen, too, have been changed about, so that it would be impossible for any of them, even should he feel so inclined, to disclose the secrets of the stronghold. And not even the highest officers of the resident militia have as yet been admitted within the sacred precincts bounded by that faithful sentry line. In view of such an emergency the headquarter militia companies have, during the past year or so, been put through a course of special training by instructors from the Marine Royal Artillery, practical artillery work being given them, and their patriotic enthusiasm being strengthened by a cash bonus of 50 dollars to each man attending the gunnery classes. Besides this, a handsome new drill hall has been provided for them; they have been supplied with every military luxury and necessity, and have generally been dealt with on a scale of liberality that would simply astound any volunteer corps in eastern Canada. All of which points to but one conclusion.—Exchange.

## Hawaiian Preserves.

For some months past people in the States and in certain of the larger cities, such as Cleveland, Ohio, having tasted various Hawaiian fruits and the products thereof, have been discussing the advisability of extensive manufacturing and packing establishments in Honolulu. In the opinion of many of these, money invested in this manner would surely bring great profit. The facilities of the soil has been a subject also much discussed in connection with the proposed scheme of setting up establishments on the islands. By the Australia yesterday Mr. W. C. Weedon sent samples of poha and guava jelly, pineapple preserves, Kona coffee of three years' standing and pineapples, to parties in Cleveland, Ohio, as an experiment. In New York, Boston, San Francisco and other large cities, guava jelly has the reputation of ranking in the topmost shelf of jellies. Kona coffee is used by the principal restaurants in San Francisco.

## Duty on Molasses.

The present tariff levies a duty of two cents per gallon on molasses testing above 40 degrees and not above 56 degrees, and four cents per gallon on all testing above 56 degrees, and that molasses testing not above 40 degrees, polariscopic test, and containing 20 per cent. or less of moisture is free of duty. The Board of United States General Appraisers has rendered a decision that molasses testing under 40 per cent. and containing over 20 per cent. of moisture is dutiable at 20 per cent. ad valorem, as a "non-enumerated manufactured article."

All molasses from the Hawaiian Islands is free of duty under the reciprocity treaty.—American Exchange.

## He Had no Case.

"No," said the lawyer, decidedly, after the negro had told his story, "you have no case at all. You went to hear Miss Henrietta Dresser play Juliet and was thrown out of the theater on account of your color, but you cannot claim damages. If you had been obliged to remain I would take your case and

sue for not less than \$20,000. I have heard her myself."—Chicago Evening Post.

## Historical Society.

The Hawaiian Historical Society has just issued its third annual report containing some interesting matters for the public. The report of the corresponding secretary is valuable from the fact that it shows to what extent he has made research in his efforts to bring before the society matters connected with the history of the islands. The pamphlet contains, also reports of the librarian and treasurer, and two papers on the life of Kamehameha V, a brief sketch by Prof. W. D. Alexander, the second, Recollections of Kamehameha V by R. A. Lyman.

## A Strong Team.

Hans and Fritz, who have been rival bootblacks at the Pantheon and Criterion saloons have formed a limited liability company and have ordered a large double stand built alongside the Pantheon saloon. Just now the stand is a single one and the boys divide up the work. Hans furnishes the energy and Fritz the push. The boys are rustlers.

**CREPE**  
Tissue Paper  
Flower Materials,  
New Mouldings,  
Sheet: Pictures,  
WINDOW  
POLES,  
Artist's  
Supplies,  
ETC.,  
JUST IN  
at  
**King Bros**  
HOTEL STREET.

**G. WEST,**  
Commission Merchant.  
Importer and Dealer in  
Carriage Materials

Of Every Description, including  
OAK, ASH, HICKORY AND  
WHITE-WOOD LUMBER,  
Spokes, all sizes; Saven Wheels,  
Wood Hub Wheels, Sawed Felloes,  
Bent Rims from 1 to 24 inches.  
Dump-Cart Shafts, Wagon Poles,  
Double Trees, Single Trees,  
Wagon and Cart Hubs, all sizes.  
And a Full Assortment of  
**Trimmers' Materials,**  
Carriage Hardware, Norway Iron,  
and Steel Tires.

Having a long experience in the carriage business I am prepared to supply carriage builders, plantations, etc., with first-class materials, personally selected, at the very lowest cash prices.  
All Island orders will receive prompt attention.

**MASONIC BLOCK,**  
Corner Alakea and Hotel Streets.  
Telephone No. 356.

**Sugar! Sugar! Sugar!**  
If Sugar is what you want use  
**FERTILIZER.**

The Hawaiian Fertilizing Company has just received per "Helen Brewer"  
50 Tons Soft Phosphate Florida,  
150 Tons Double Superphosphate,  
300 Tons Natural Plant Food,  
25 Tons Common Superphosphate

Also per "Martha Davis" and other vessels,  
Nitrate of Soda,  
Sulphate of Ammonia,  
Sulphate of Potash,  
Muriate of Potash & Kainit  
High-Grade Manures  
To any analysis always on hand or made to order.

**A. F. COOKE, Agent.**

## ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

Instantly Relieved by  
**CUTICURA**

A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA, the great skin cure, will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, economical, and permanent cure of the most distressing of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and crusted skin and scalp diseases, after physicians, hospitals, and all other methods fail. CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS, and its cures of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating humors are the most wonderful ever recorded in this or any age.

"ALL ABOUT THE SKIN, SCALP, AND HAIR," post-free. CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the world. PRICE, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, \$1. BENSON SMITH & CO., HUNTERD, N. Y.

**Women and Women Only**  
Are most competent to fully appreciate the purity, sweetness, and delicacy of CUTICURA SOAP, and to discover its uses for it daily. In the preparation of curative washes, etc., for any irritating eruptions, chafings, and excoriations of the skin and mucous membranes, or too free or offensive perspiration, it has proved most grateful and comforting. Like all others of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, the CUTICURA SOAP appeals to the refined and cultivated everywhere, and is beyond all comparison the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world.

## Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

G. N. WILCOX, President. T. MAY, Auditor.  
J. F. HACKFELD, Vice-President. E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer.  
P. O. BOX 484. MUTUAL TEL. 467.

OUR NEW WORKS AT KALIHI being completed we are now ready to furnish all kinds of

## Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND,  
Pacific Guano, Potash, Sulphate of Ammonia,  
Nitrate of Soda, Calcined Fertilizer,  
Salts, Etc., Etc.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our Agricultural Chemist  
ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.  
For further particulars apply to

**PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY.**  
DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

## For Twenty Years

We have been tailoring at moderate prices.

Twenty years of experience to profit by.

Our KNOWLEDGE of CLOTHES for STYLE, FIT, and WORKMANSHIP, have stood the test as the liberal patronage we have received assures us of that fact.

We have just received our fall stock of woollens, which we are offering at prices that will astonish you.

## H. S. TREGLOAN &amp; SON.

JUST RECEIVED,

## MANILA CIGARS,

A Large Invoice,

FROM THE

**MOST RELIABLE FACTORIES.**

## Hollister &amp; Co.,

TOBACCONISTS.

## H. Hackfeld &amp; Co.

Are just in receipt of Large Importations by their iron barks "Paul Isenborg" and "J. C. Pfeiffer" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America consisting of a

Large and Complete Assortment  
OF  
**DRY GOODS**

SUCH AS  
Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings,  
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## HAWAIIAN SUGAR AND RICE.

Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour,  
Salmon, Corned Beef, etc.

For sale on the most liberal terms and at the lowest prices by

## H. HACKFELD &amp; CO.

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## FINE HORSES AND CATTLE

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AT GAZETTE OFFICE.



## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, — NOVEMBER 22, 1895.

PASSENGERS who passed this port on the Warrimoo during the cholera scare have filed a complaint with the Secretary of the Navy because the Bennington anchored some distance from them and the odors wafted across the waters were not acceptable to their olfactory organs. Those passengers will go on record as possessing the most acute sense of smell of any people that have heeded this port. Taking all the circumstances into consideration, it is somewhat surprising that they have not lodged a complaint with the weather bureau for failing to control the winds.

THE Washington correspondent of the Chicago Times-Herald claims to have obtained a straight tip on the program mapped out for the conduct of the Hawaiian annexation campaign at the next session of Congress. Time alone will tell whether he is an inventive genius or has actually fathomed the inmost thoughts of the Presidential sphinx. The scheme proposed however is not without its acceptable features, and would undoubtedly set at rest the murmurs of the anti-annexationists in the States who are wont to refer to the thieves and robbers of the Hawaiian Republic. It would be interesting to ascertain how many times Mr. Cleveland wants this country to ask for annexation before being convinced that it is really the desire of the people. The existence of a Government recognized by the United States and every other nation, whose Constitution clearly sets forth that annexation to the United States is the objective point toward which its efforts are to be directed, ought to be sufficient guarantee of good faith. If, however, the President of the United States wants another expression from the people of this country on the subject it will undoubtedly be forthcoming, though, judging from the past, we might expect a commissioner to arrive after the vote is taken to make an investigation as to whether or no the ballot box was stuffed.

ONE of the leading engineering journals of London, in its editorial comment on the last international yacht race, pays a very pretty compliment to the yacht designers of the United States, and especially to the creator of the Defender. The writer admits that the result was just what might have been expected; that the Defender excelled the British yacht not only in the broad features of the design but through minute attention to every detail. He feels that so long as Herreshoff lives there is small chance of the cup crossing the Atlantic. He says: "This is the man we have to beat before we can get back the American cup." Herreshoff is as much at home when sailing a yacht as he is in the workshop or designing room, "but these things, although essential to the highest type of a yacht designer, are, in our opinion, subordinate to the abundant resourcefulness, the brilliant inventive faculty, which has always distinguished the New England race, and which finds its highest exemplification among such men as the Herreshoff Brothers." It is intimated that the British designers are still "too much hide bound by the traditions of the past"; that the British architects "have not the knowledge of mechanical principles, and of the qualities of metals and alloys which will enable them to cope with the well informed and quick witted Yankees. In sail making alone the English are credited with superiority over Americans, and the writer says that about the only chance to win the cup is for the British yachtsmen to get out a hull equal to the Americans' before the latter can train up a good sail-maker.

## THE "NEW-COMER."

One of the colloquialisms that has accompanied the administration of public affairs by the present regime, is the so-called "family compact" as applied to the "missionary" element of the country, which is credited by unlucky and disgruntled applicants with keeping all the public offices within its grasp and control. When the use of this expression "family compact" is accompanied by sly hints and suggestive remarks concerning its connection with the "missionary," the new-comer is naturally inclined to believe that he has struck the wrong place to obtain recognition of whatever push, tact and principle he may possess; but when he discovers the fact, that by meeting his bills promptly and maintaining a fairly conservative standard in his political views, he too is liable to be classed as a "missionary" and a member of the "compact," common sense comes to his rescue and he ceases to berate his ancestors for failing to have become agents of the American Board or some other similar organization.

It is true that many of the public offices in this country are held by representatives of the conservative, or, as some like to call it, the "missionary" element. Those who were born here, whose children were born here, those who have long lived here, those who know of no other home but that to be found here, have a great stake in good government and are naturally in favor of keeping in office those with whom they are well acquainted. It is so everywhere, excepting in the great western States of America, where the people are all new comers and old residents are unknown.

It is also perfectly natural that new men, active, intelligent and ambitious, should for a time look with some disfavor on the conservative element which exists here and accuse it of too much "family feeling." But, on further consideration, the new comers realize that if they held all the higher offices they would not feel pleasantly inclined toward a later installment of new comers who insisted on a new deal. We believe that less jealousy of new comers exists here than in most countries. We boldly assert that in no country do the men in high office hold their positions with less desire for personal glory than here. If today, the offices were put in a hat and drawn out by lot and apportioned among some of the new comers and others who claim to be deserving of place there would be more dissatisfaction than exists at present. The "outs" must always largely outnumber the "ins" and grow accordingly. It doesn't take the new comer long to find this out if he will, and having sized up the lay of the land he settles down quietly to prove his worth without troubling his head with the petty fault-finding of chronic malcontents.

That the present Government is free from criticism cannot be said. The millennium has not yet dawned on this or any other country. The members of a dominant class are always inclined to get between each other's legs and not look out for the rivers which are beyond. Crisis and political changes and revolutions are never foreseen by a community. A great nation of intelligent Americans did not believe for a moment, in 1860, that an awful war was before it. So it enlisted "three months men" for a terrible war which, in fact, lasted for four years.

It is said, with authority, that at the time of the revolution of 1887, when "resident citizens of the United States, Great Britain and Germany addressed memorials to their respective Governments, through their representatives, declaring affairs to be intolerable," an ultra-radical said that the time had come to proclaim the republic, but more conservative sentiments prevailed and the evil day was put off by forcing Kalakaua to amend the Constitution. Had the community, as a whole, realized the logic of events, that is, that the evil day would come, it would have

acted accordingly and annexation would be an accomplished fact today. The conservative element is prone to become too conservative, and the radicals too radical, and, in many instances, it is the new-comer, with a balance-wheel of common sense and free from any petty jealousies, who will find a ready acceptance of any influence he can bring to bear for honest politics and careful administration.

## THE SYRUP OF FIGS CASE.

One of the most popular, profitable and most thoroughly advertised patent medicines is Syrup of Figs. The proprietors have made millions out of it by the most expensive advertisements. Recently the California Fig Syrup Company sued Strauss & Co., of Detroit, for an infringement of their trade mark. The defendants maintained that there could be no trade mark which was simply descriptive; they also answered that the preparation of the plaintiffs was wholly deceptive and a fraud. On the trial of the case, before the United States Circuit Court of Michigan, the plaintiffs were subjected to cross-examination as to the composition of fig syrup, and the inventor of it testified that it was a mixture; that in 1000 gallons of it about two gallons of the soluble portions of figs were used; that the main ingredient was the fluid extract of senna; that the medicine would be just as good without any solution of figs; that the use of figs was superfluous; that the word "figs" was used simply to attract the public; that "a syrup from figs would have no medicinal or commercial value." The plaintiffs claimed, however, that they had the exclusive right to use the words "fig syrup," as they had brought the name before the public, and that it was really nobody's business as to what the ingredients were.

The court decided, on the authority of well-known decisions, that it would not protect any one in an imposition upon the public; that the plaintiffs did not come into court "with clean hands" when it admitted that they represented that the fig ingredient was of great medicinal value, and at the same time admitted in open court that it had no value. The plaintiffs lost their case. In spite of this adverse decision the "confiding public" will continue to purchase the article. The majority of country newspapers in the States advertise it, and will not publish the facts developed in the trial, as such publication would at once deprive them of the income derived from the advertisement.

DR. N. J. GROU, a Dane educated in the United States, who has recently returned from a visit to Norway, says that there is a marked growth in the sentiment favoring a republican form of Government in that country and that he further predicts that before many years Norway will be independent of Sweden as a republic. The desire for a democratic form of Government is particularly strong among the peasants of the north. This feeling has been brought about by friends and relatives who have gone to the United States. There is hardly a prominent family in the country from which one or more members has not gone to the States. Thousands of Norwegians are constantly sending letters home which are epistles of democratic doctrine. At the present time the differences between Norway and Sweden have been smoothed over by a compromise that serves its purpose for the time being. When the seeds of republicanism have once been planted, however, it is only a matter of time when they will bear fruit and monarchical rule must give way.

BEFORE the people of the country make a move to increase taxation for a term of years it might be well to find out whether all the property liable to taxation is turning in its share to the Government coffers.

Daily Advertiser 75c. a month.

## IN THE NAME OF HUMANITY.

Rev. A. H. Bradford, a member of the Commission sent to the Orient by the American Board, is writing a series of interesting letters for the Outlook, giving a general description of his trip and impressions gathered "along the road." After setting out from San Francisco on the steamer Coptic with the expectation of spending twenty-four hours in this city, Mr. Bradford turned his thoughts to the Hawaiian Islands, and naturally enough more or less of his letter written on board ship was devoted to the problem of annexation. He is an enthusiastic supporter of annexation and gives the following reasons as the basis of his opinions: "The islands are nearer to the American republic than to any other nation; the methods of business and the habits of thought of the predominant class are almost entirely American, and will, with the swifter ships of the near future, be still more so. If the islands do not become American, they are morally sure to become the property of some other nation whose spirit is not likely to be so free or progressive as ours. If no other nation assumes the protectorate, then in the future they will possibly be the scene of attempts at revolution, with their strife and bloodshed; but if they are annexed they will surely be for generations the abode of a peaceful and progressive people.

"The alternatives seem to me to be as follows: First, either some strong nation must assume the reins of government, or confusion, unrest, and possibly diabolical cruelty will prevail; second, either our nation must interfere, or some other, whose interest may be hostile to ours, will do so. If it is said that we cannot afford the expense, I reply, it has been proven almost to a demonstration that instead of involving expense on our part the islands would be a source of constant and increasing revenue. If it be declared that the mass of the people do not desire annexation, the reply will be that that probably is true of the ignorant, serving class, who simply exist, and who, if their wishes are followed, will inevitably become more and more degraded, until they cease to exist. But the intelligent class, those who have made the islands what they are, those who may be depended upon to preserve order and advance civilization, with great unanimity do desire union with the United States. We do not ask the Indians of a Territory whether it shall be admitted as a State, but we ask the intelligent citizens. This is not a question of justice to a subject race, but rather of the strong bearing the infirmities of the weak.

"In regard to annexation, then, I conclude that in some form it is desirable, because in no other way can the best ends of justice and humanity be served. It is not simply a question of national policy, but one which ought to be considered in its relations to the kingdom of God. If the best ends are realized, some nation must step in with its strength and guarantee peace and civilization. Our own nation is earnest; it can do the work easiest; it is more desired by the inhabitants than any other, and the doing of it would not add materially to our political difficulties or increase our financial burden."

It will be remembered that the passengers of the Coptic were not allowed to land on account of the prevalence of the cholera. Although Mr. Bradford was sadly disappointed at this turn of affairs, he points out one compensation—that no one could accuse him of having been influenced by Hawaiian officials in forming his conclusions on the subject of annexation. He closes with the remark: "In the name of humanity I plead for annexation."

WHILE the advances of Russia in the Orient have ceased to attract much attention from the other powers, and the rumors of war have subsided for the time being, it is clearly evident that the nations of Europe have not yet settled

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Highest Honors—World's Fair,  
Gold Medal—Midwinter Fair.

DR.  
**PRICE'S**  
CREAM  
**BAKING**  
**POWDER**  
MOST PERFECT MADE.

pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.  
10 Years the Standard.  
**LEWIS & CO.,**  
Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

down to the peaceful quiet of a mutual admiration society and brotherly love feast. The massacre of the Armenians is occupying no little attention, and "the powers" are loud in their demands upon the Sultan of Turkey; but their efforts would be far more effective if each of the powers did not have a jealous eye on Constantinople. Meanwhile the rebellious element of northern China is making itself felt as never before, and there is good reason to believe that Russia is playing no small part as a prompter behind the scenes. It is possible, and we may say probable, that the European powers will be able to settle all these affairs without resort to arms; but the affair has not, thus far, developed any undisputed guarantee to that effect.

A PROMINENT business man of Maui, remarking on the prospects of the small farmer in this country, recently said: "The coffee planter and the fruit grower must have direct communication with the Coast." The tendency to divert trade from the city is bound to increase. Meanwhile, what is being done to develop the island of Oahu? We have a few plots of land in this island that ought not to be overlooked.

## Stub Ends of Thought.

No virtue, that is the result of fear, can be taught by example. Many a silly woman has been able to lead a wise man around by the nose.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."  
**CLARKE'S**  
WORLD-FAMED  
**Blood Mixture**

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER.  
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.  
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.  
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Face.  
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.  
Cures Scoury Sores.  
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.  
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.  
Cures Glandular Swellings.  
Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter.  
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

## THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.  
Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each.—A sufficient effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LITTLE & MIDLAND COUNSELLORS' DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

## TOS. G. THURMS' BOOKSTORE

"IS SANTA CLAUS"  
HEADQUARTERS,"

and is replete, as usual, with an excellent variety of HOLIDAY GOODS of new and attractive styles, direct from New York and Philadelphia to suit all ages and all purses. Special care has been given to the line of DOLLS—the pride of every little girl's heart—and the assortment, ranging from 25¢ to 50¢, is probably better than ever before.

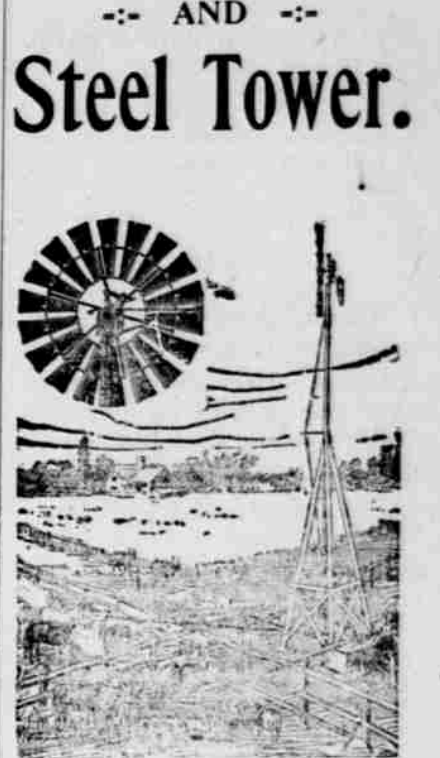
The variety of Toys, Games, Blocks, Wagons, etc., are as full, if not fuller than ever, while the collection of HOLIDAY BOOKS in new and tasty bindings, ARTISTIC CALENDARS, BOOKLETS,

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS, Ladies' and Gents' LEATHER GOODS of finest make, CREPE TISSUE PAPERS, HIGH CLASS STATIONERY, etc., etc., enables us to confidently claim the attention of holiday buyers thereto.

Orders from the other islands given careful attention both as to selection and packing for shipment. 1708-41

## Timely Topics

THE  
**AERMOTOR**  
— AND —  
**Steel Tower.**



In as much as most of our remarks have been confined to the pumping Aermotor we wish to call your attention this week to the geared motor for barns. Undoubtedly sometime in the past you have concluded to equip your mill with shafting for grinding of corn and feed for your stock, and perhaps attach a grind stone and buzz saw, and sent away for a catalogue for estimated cost and the location of your building for horizontal and vertical shafting, but finally came to the conclusion that the cost and difficulties of constructing were too great to warrant the expenditure. Now here is where the Aermotor does away with all those great obstacles and petty annoyances. In our plan you have only to secure the vertical 8x8 mast in position, put the Aermotor on one end and the grinder on the other. The mast then holds it all. You can belt to different machines and drive your pump and feed grinder at one time. The feed grinder is always in position. You have only to turn a hand screw to adjust the lower grinding ring sufficiently close and it is already for use, or in an instant you can put on a belt to run any other machine. The saving of power effected by having all bearings rigidly connected in one casting and therefore in proper place, is no less important than the matter of convenience allowed too. The Aermotor runs in half the wind required by other mills, and regulates in a strong wind as well as in a mild wind. It handles the pump the smoothest of any mill made. An eight inch stroke Aermotor will throw more water with less wind than any of the old style mills. If you are in need of a mill buy an Aermotor and your neighbors will congratulate you on your foresight.

THE . . .  
**Hawaiian Hardware**  
COMPANY, L'D.,

Opposite Spreckels' Bank,

307 FORT STREET.



## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Read Hopp & Co.'s ad. in this issue regarding furniture.

Dr. R. H. Reid has located permanently at Waialua, Oahu.

The court of tax appeals will sit at the District Court room on Friday, the 22d inst., at 2 p. m.

Stenographer J. Walter Jones wrenched his knee on Wednesday and is lame in consequence.

E. C. Macfarlane is back from a quick business trip to the States. He reports having had a good time.

Mr. K. Mimashi has been acknowledged by this Government as Secretary of the Japanese Legation.

Charles Creighton, the attorney, returned on the Mariposa yesterday. He will resume the practice of law.

Messrs. A. L. Morris & Co., feed merchants, have a bright new advertisement in the shape of a delivery wagon.

Banker Kuntz, who will be remembered as a Waikiki guest a year or more ago, is expected here during the winter.

John Randolph Galt has been recognized by President Cleveland as the Hawaiian Consul at Seattle, vice Carter resigned.

The Kamehameha boys were on the Oceanic wharf in a body yesterday to say good-bye to Mr. Yatman, who left on the Mariposa.

John Drummond of Horse Shoe tobacco fame, and Franz Busch of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Co., are guests at the Hawaiian hotel.

The through passengers on the Mariposa yesterday whiled the hours and dollars away by taking back rides to the Pali and Waikiki.

Mr. Thomas Rain Walker was unanimously elected synodman in the Anglican Church last night to succeed Captain H. W. Mist, R. N., deceased.

At a meeting of the Healan Boating and Yachting Club, held at the Chamber of Commerce yesterday, Charles Herrick was elected captain.

Harry Gillig and Fred Unger will spend several months here this winter. Mrs. Gillig may not come down with her husband, but will come later.

"Heavy rains have knocked plover hunting in the head," said a disgusted hunter yesterday. The rains have scared the birds away and washed out all the caterpillars.

B. F. Dillingham, manager of R. & L. Co., provided the people of Ewa and point, this side with free transportation to Honolulu and return last night in order to attend the Yattman meeting.

Mrs. Robert Lewers entertained Mrs. Frazer of San Francisco and a son of Major Hooper of the Occidental Hotel at lunch yesterday. They were passengers on the Mariposa en route to the Colonies.

The Honolulu Medical Society held a meeting at the home of Dr. McGrew Wednesday night. The work consisted in perfecting the constitution. There were present Drs. McGrew, Myers, Howard, Wood and Russell.

The resignation of Minister W. R. Castle, to take effect December 1st, has been received at the Foreign Office. As Mr. Hatch went direct to Washington he would reach his post before Mr. Castle's resignation would take effect.

Mr. Selden Hooper, son of Major Hooper, proprietor of the Occidental Hotel in San Francisco, was a through passenger to Sydney by the Mariposa yesterday. He expects to return in about two months, at which time he will stop over in Honolulu.

One of the passengers on the Mariposa yesterday presented a friend on the Oceanic wharf with a very touching farewell as the Mariposa was hauling out into the stream. A towel was used for a handkerchief, and so profuse were the man's tears that it required frequent wringings to keep things going.

## The Monument Association.

The Kalakaua Monument Association, which has for its membership some of the most prominent business men of the city, has the following statement to make regarding the Kalakaua bust now on exhibition in the rooms of the Kilohana Art League: Amount of cash received from subscribers to fund for Kalakaua bust, \$1903; interest allowed by M. P. Robinson, \$147.25; total, \$2050.25. Cost of subscription books, printing, advertising, bills, etc., \$150.25; amount paid Allen Hutchinson for bronze bust, \$1900; total expenditures, \$2050.25. This leaves the association with its work complete and no outstanding debts.

## AT THE ART RECEPTION.

Kilohana League First View Last Night.

## A FINE ARRAY OF PAINTINGS.

Prominent Persons Present—Kate Field Attends—Improvement in Members' Work—Open to the Public Tonight—Musical Selections.

Appreciation of the work of the Kilohana Art League was well demonstrated by the large number of society people of Honolulu who visited the art rooms in the Tregloan block last night on the occasion of the "first view" exhibition of the league.

Among those present were President and Mrs. Dole, Miss Kate Field, Mr. and Mrs. Hall, Dr. and Mrs. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Gilman, Mr. and Mrs. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Dillingham, Mrs. H. H. Renjes, Miss Atkinson, Miss Richards, the Misses Ladd, Miss Millard, F. A. Schaefer, Dr. Rodgers, Professor French, Professor Richards, Professor Berger, D. Howard Hitchcock, Dr. Herbert, Dr. Cooper, Walter Dillingham and C. H. W. Norton.

For those who have a true sense of art there was much at the exhibition to attract the attention and stimulate the imagination. Art work in Honolulu is just beginning, and although there are faults in the contributions now at the league rooms still, on the whole, there is manifest a most decided improvement over the works on exhibition at previous occasions of the kind in Honolulu. For this improvement the Kilohana Art League must have due credit.

There have been criticisms, and many unjust ones too, on the merits of the work. This one has been to a Paris salon and has seen art, another is himself an artist of repute and cannot see anything to admire in the work of Honolulu people, still another goes so far as to call the whole thing a farce. But to the keenly appreciative there is another side to the question—namely, the improvement of the artistic side of the Honolulu community.

With this in mind there is much to be gained from the work of members of the Kilohana Art League. To mention all the contributions at the league rooms would be out of the question. But there were some which seemed to attract attention.

The bronze bust of Kalakaua was in the most prominent place and attracted by far the greatest amount of attention. Perhaps the painting which gained the most approval was that of a little girl in a half-reclining posture on a divan. It is a strong picture and shows a fearless touch of the brush. No timidity is apparent in any part.

Another pleasing work was a painting of a merry group of frolicking children enjoying themselves at a birthday party on a veranda. The picture fairly speaks.

A landscape in which is shown a railroad track curving gracefully around a hill was the subject of favorable comment.

The works of D. Howard Hitchcock showed to good advantage, and were recognized immediately by their strong points.

Many of the landscapes on exhibition attracted attention and drew forth just approbation. The fish pieces showed most careful and painstaking work and a correct interpretation of the finny creatures in Hawaiian waters.

The work in China painting by Miss R. Nolte was one of the main features of the exhibition. The fancy and violet plates are well done and the tinting admirably placed.

Mrs. Graham's woodwork occupied prominent positions. Two high-back cedar chairs with designs of chrysanthemums done with the poker are among the principal ones. Mrs. Graham is the only person on the islands who has ever taken up this branch of work extensively.

During the evening musical selections were rendered by members of the league.

## Lolokalani a Winner.

There was a five furlong selling race on the Bay District track on the 12th inst. in which the Hawaiian mare Lolokalani was an 8 to 1 shot. She finished a winner in 1.024.

The S. F. Examiner of November 13th has the following concerning the event: The opening event,

five furlongs, was won rather cleverly by Imp. Lolokalani, who opened an 8 to 1 shot and closed favorite at 5 to 2. The mare named made a showy finish of it with the two-year-old San Marcus, but had something to spare crossing the line, while the youngster was thoroughly punched out.

## Arrest of Albert Lucas.

Albert Lucas, formerly clerk in the office of the superintendent of water works, was arrested shortly after the arrival of the Mariposa yesterday on a warrant issued by H. E. Cooper, acting as Attorney-General. Mr. Lucas is charged with misappropriating public funds, but as the experts have not finished their work it is not known definitely how far the charge can be proven. Friends of the young man stated yesterday that he would not be prosecuted, as the deficit, if there is any, will be promptly paid.

His bail was fixed at \$6000 and he was released during the evening.

## Planters' Monthly.

The November number of the Planters' Monthly has a brief, but very interesting, sketch of the early history and growth of the sugar industry in the Hawaiian Islands. Mr. Whitney, the author, has written the article with the master hand of one whose knowledge of the subject was obtained by careful research. Other articles of interest will be found in this number.

## This Will Be All Right.

Mr. Editor:—While there is so much talk about bicycle racing why not arrange a race around the island, free for all, with prizes, the racers to be divided in two parties, and start from the corner of Nuuanu and King streets, one party to go along King street and the other up Nuuanu avenue. Let the H. A. A. C. look into this. CYCLIST.

## Kate Field.

Kate Field was the center of attraction at the Central Union social last night. Miss Field, when asked about the now celebrated bird cage that was being built for her at Pittsburgh said that the item was a creation of the late Eugene Field who sent it out over the wire while she was in Chicago.

## MR. DUANE, OF AUCKLAND.

We shall print the whole of Mr. Isaac Duane's letter, only regretting that it is not longer. He might have mentioned that June, the month in which he wrote, is the coldest month in the year in his country, and January the hottest. He might also have reminded us that New Zealand is almost as large as Great Britain, with a much more desirable climate. He might further have said that it is a wholesome place to live in, as it contains few vices, sources of disease, and possesses no insect so noxious as the English wasp. Yet on reading his letter we shall find that these attractive islands in the far Southern Sea are not free from an enemy we are called upon to fight here in England, as elsewhere throughout the world.

"I have much pleasure in writing you," says Mr. Duane, "as to me it is a privilege as well as a duty to describe an experience in which I am confident you will be interested."

"Ever since I was a boy I have not only suffered from indigestion in its worst form, but I have been a martyr to it. Such success in life as I have achieved has been in the face of the constant opposition set up by this miserable complaint. All its symptoms are January the hottest. He might also have reminded us that New Zealand is almost as large as Great Britain, with a much more desirable climate. He might further have said that it is a wholesome place to live in, as it contains few vices, sources of disease, and possesses no insect so noxious as the English wasp. Yet on reading his letter we shall find that these attractive islands in the far Southern Sea are not free from an enemy we are called upon to fight here in England, as elsewhere throughout the world."

"I can only account for it by assuming that I must have inherited a tendency to this disease. At all events it cast a gloom over my whole history up to the day of my recent happy deliverance. The record of the six weeks, wretched nights I passed would make almost a volume by itself. Times beyond counting I have arisen from my bed in the morning, glad the night was over, and yet in no frame of mind to welcome the day. To the chronic dyspeptic rest does not bring strength as it does to others."

## TREES FOR THE PEOPLE.

Commissioner Marsden Will Supply Them—Apply for Them Now.

This is a favorable time for the planting of young trees, shrubs, vines, etc., and the attention of the public is respectfully called to the subjoined list of valuable trees and plants that are now ready for distribution at the Government Nursery, on King street. Among them are 2000 fine young healthy avocado pear trees, which should be planted out as soon as possible; also 1000 mango trees of the chutney and Jamaica No. 9 varieties. The No. 9 is perhaps the finest flavored mango on these islands. The tree from which the seeds were procured is growing in the nursery and was brought to this country in a Wardian case some ten years since. There are also 2000 seedling lemon trees eighteen months old, which should all be set out during the next three months. These, and any of the others mentioned in the list, can be procured free of cost by applying to the Commissioner of Agriculture, at his office in the Judiciary building.

The attention of school teachers on Oahu is called to this opportunity of procuring trees and plants for the purpose of beautifying their school grounds.

## J. MARSDEN,

Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry.

## LIST OF TREES AND PLANTS FOR DISTRIBUTION.

Cryptomeria Japonica.....	500
Ironwood.....	200
Poinsettia Pulcherrima.....	100
Algeria (Keawe).....	500
Pandanus Obovatus (Lau-hala).....	200
Liberian coffee.....	400
Campbor.....	100
Ceylon tea (Camellia Thea).....	400
Ceylon tamarind (Tamarindus India).....	200
Ficus Aurea.....	200
Eucalyptus Citrodora.....	200
Cranaedilia vines.....	200
Lemon.....	2,000
Orange.....	1,000
Avocado pear (Persea Gratissima).....	2,000
Sour sop (Annona Cherimolia).....	200
Chinese orange.....	400
Papaya (Carica Papaya).....	250
Mango No. 9 and chutney (Mangifera Indica).....	1,000
Jack fruit (Artocarpus Integrifolia).....	100
Rose apple (Eugenia Malaccensis).....	100
Passion vines.....	100
Agave Sisalana.....	500
Sansevieria Zeylanica.....	10,000

## PALMS.

Thrinax Argentea.....	100
Areca Rubra.....	200
Caryota Ureth.....	200
Ptychosperma Alexandra.....	200
Seafortia Elegans.....	100
Brahea Filamentosa.....	500
Chamaerops Fortunei.....	100
Pritchardia (native palm).....	500
Lactaria Barbodes.....	500

## THE AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Important Meeting Last Night. Petition From Merchants.

There was a representative meeting of the American League at the hall last night. Report of the financial secretary regarding delinquents was read, and it was resolved that decisive action should not be taken until the first meeting in December. This action is taken from the fact that many of those behind in their dues are employed by the Government, and as they can draw their salaries only on the first of the month it is impossible for them to pay before that time. The League now has a membership of 350 active, paid-up members.

The most important event in the meeting was the presentation of a petition signed by a number of men prominent in both political factions asking for a general amnesty to political prisoners. The sentiment expressed in the meeting was that the Government should grant a suspension of the sentences. The resolution to this effect passed unanimously, and the petition with the resolution attached will be presented to the members of the Council of State at the session next Monday.

## NOTICE

## COFFEE PLANTERS.

## Hulling and Cleaning Coffee.

We are prepared to handle COFFEE in the cherry and hull, with the latest improved machinery. Send us your COFFEES, either direct or through your agents.

COFFEE taken from ship's side hulled, cleaned and delivered to any designated warehouse in this city. No charge for insurance and storage while COFFEES are in our mills.

## ATLAS COFFEE MILLS, SAN FRANCISCO.

J. A. FOLGER & CO., Proprietors.



## SHOPPING BY POST

It is a well-known fact that people's clothes wear out in the country as fast if not faster than in Honolulu. Now there is no need for making a trip to the Capital to renew your stock of wearing apparel.

L. B. KERR, QUEEN ST., HONOLULU,

Has Started A

## POSTAL ORDER DEPARTMENT

and will be pleased to send on request, samples and prices of his celebrated West of England Serges, Scotch Tweeds and Gingham, India Linens, Dimities and Prints; also Sheet, Pillowcase, etc. A single yard at Wholesale Prices.

L. B. KERR, P. O. BOX 306, Honolulu, H. I.

## BY AUTHORITY.

The following persons have this day been appointed Agents to take acknowledgments for Labor Contracts for the following Districts.

Miss Harriet E. Wilder, Honolulu, Oahu.  
J. H. Maby, Hilo, Hawaii.  
James Mattoon, Hilo, Hawaii.  
A. V. Carvalho, Hilo, Hawaii.  
Harry T. Mills, S. Kona, Hawaii.  
A. N. Kekoikai, Waikuku, Maui.  
George Hons, Waikuku, Maui.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior  
Interior Office, November 11th, 1895.  
1707-31

The following named gentlemen have this day been appointed members of the Board of Fence Commissioners for the District of South Kona, Island of Hawaii.

R. WASSMANN,  
J. TODD,  
JOHN GASPER.  
J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, November 13th, 1895.  
1707-31

## AUCTION SALE OF AWA LICENSES.

There will be sold at Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 10th day of December, 1895, the following Awa Licenses for the term of one year from the 1st day of January, 1896:

OAHU.	
Koolanpoko.....	1
MAUI.	
Waikuku.....	2
Lahaina.....	2
Makawao.....	1
HAWAII.	
N. Kohala.....	1
Kau.....	1
KAUAI.	
Lihue.....	1
Waimea.....	1

The license for Koolanpoko, Oahu, will be sold on the above named day at 12 o'clock noon at the front entrance of the Executive Building. Those for the Islands of Maui, Hawaii and Kauai will be sold in their respective districts on the above date at such hour and place as shall be designated by the several Sheriffs or their Deputies.

Should it for good reasons be found necessary to change the day of sale, due notice will be given by posters in the said districts.

Upset price—For the districts of Waikuku and Lahaina, \$300 each license; for

the other districts as advertised \$100 for each license.

Terms—A deposit of twenty-five per cent is required on the fall of the hammer and forfeit of said deposit, should the full amount of license money not be paid within ten days from the date of sale.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, November 13, 1895.  
1707-31

## POUND NOTICE.

In accordance with Section 1 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day changed the location of the Government Pound at Makawao, to Kukuia, at a place known at the old site of the Makawao Corn Mill, in the District of Makawao, Island of Maui.

MR. SAMUEL E. KALAWAO has this day been appointed Pound Master for the above Pound.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, November 15th, 1895.  
1708-31

The President having proclaimed THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28th, as a day of National Thanksgiving, the same will be observed as a National Holiday, and all Government Offices throughout the Republic will be closed on that day.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 16, 1895.  
1708-td

T. K. BRY has this day been appointed Poundmaster for the Government Pound at Waimea, in the District of South Kohala, Island of Hawaii, vice J. E. Laau, resigned.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, November 18, 1895.  
1708-31

MR. M. NABELE has this day been appointed Pound Master for Government Pounds at Hana, District of Hana, Island of Maui, vice Lyon K. Kakuani.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 12, 1895.  
1706-31

Owing to the shortness of the present school term, teachers in all Government schools are ordered not to prepare for or hold any Christmas exercises.

By order of the Board of Education.  
ALATAU T. ATKINSON,  
Inspector General Schools,  
4190-1w 1706-2w



6

In the Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands.

JUNE TERM, 1895.

ELIZABETH MOREHEAD V. DAVID DAYTON, TRUSTEE, DANIEL MCCORRISTON AND HUGH MCCORRISTON.

Before JUDGE C. J. and FREAR, J.

In a decree affirming the decree below, liberty to apply in the lower court to leave to file a bill of review for newly discovered matter, will not be reserved where it appears that such matter might have been discovered by reasonable diligence in time to be available at an earlier stage of the case and that it would not have altered the result if it had been before the court at the hearing.

OPINION OF THE COURT, BY FREAR, J.

This Court having on the 11th of last July filed a decision (to which reference is hereby made for a statement of the case) affirming the decree of the Circuit Judge that the plaintiff has no interest in the property known as the Criterion Saloon, the plaintiff now moves that a decree be made in conformity with such decision but that such decree reserve to her liberty to apply to the Circuit Judge for leave to file a bill of review on the ground of newly discovered matter.

Assuming, but not deciding, that it is the better practice for the Appellate Court to reserve upon a proper showing such liberty as is asked for rather than for the lower court to entertain such application without liberty reserved here, we are of the opinion that a sufficient showing has not been made in this instance.

The alleged newly-discovered matter is: (1) that the property on Fort Street was conveyed to the plaintiff's testator by two deeds; (2) that at the time of his death there were only two leases of the property outstanding, the several portions thus granted and leased being shown by a new map, and (3) that the testator had been in the habit of calling this property "the yard," and that shortly before his death he had told the plaintiff that "the yard" was to be kept for her except the blacksmith shop."

Upon examining the deeds, leases and map, we find that one deed covers the front portions of the Blacksmith and Germania Market premises and a small part of the Criterion Saloon premises, and the other the remaining front part of the Criterion premises as one lot and the rear portion of all the premises as another lot; also that one lease covers the Criterion Saloon premises and the other the Germania Market premises. This strengthens rather than weakens the former findings, for it tends to show that the testator considered the Germania Market premises and the Criterion Saloon premises as separate. It is immaterial that the boundaries of the demised Germania market premises do not exactly coincide all around with those of the Germania market building. As to the alleged new matter relating to "the yard," we do not think that it would have altered the result if it had been before the court at the hearing.

But aside from the effect of the alleged new matter, it seems to us that upon the facts before us on this motion the matter cannot be considered new. New matter for which a bill of review may be filed must be not only newly-discovered, but such as could not by reasonable diligence have been discovered in time to be available at an earlier stage of the case. In this case, the matter as to "the yard" was known to the plaintiff, and the deeds and leases were open to the inspection of herself and her counsel.

Granting leave of the nature asked for is within the sound discretion of the court, and we are of the opinion that justice does not require that such leave be reserved in this instance.

A decree will be made in conformity with the decision filed without reservation.

A. S. Hartwell for plaintiff; W. A. Kinney for defendants.

Honolulu, November 13, 1895.

Board of Health.

There was a special meeting of the Board of Health at 11 o'clock Wednesday to decide what should be done with the freight which arrived by the Mount Lebanon from Japan yesterday. The captain of the steamer objected to the fumigation of the Honolulu portion of the cargo while it remained on the vessel, unless he should be indemnified against injury to the cargo destined for Portland. The matter was referred to Dr. Day and Mr. Reynolds with instructions to find a place suitable for the fumigation.

## A RIDE TO WAIANAE.

Manager Dillingham Gives Pleasure to an Appreciative Party.

Through the kindness of Manager Dillingham of the O. R. and L. Co., a pleasant party, made up of Mr. Yatman, Mrs. F. J. Lowrey, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Jones, Mrs. J. T. Waterhouse, Mrs. J. Gilman, Mr. and Mrs. H. Waterhouse, Mr. and Mrs. Wood and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Waterhouse, was taken to Ewa on the railroad and then over the Waianae extension of the O. R. and L. in the drawing-room car. The ride was a most pleasant one, the recent rains having done away with the dust, so that the party was treated to the pure country air without that disagreeable factor to contend with.

At Waianae luncheon was served on the car. After having seen all the interesting spots about the place the party was taken to the Peninsular, where the drawing-room car was detached. Until late in the afternoon the hours were whiled away most pleasantly on the Peninsular. An engine was sent down later, and at 5 p. m. the party reached the city. Mr. Dillingham was thanked most cordially for his kindness.

## Good Record for Hawaii.

All the Hawaiian-born young men of the Class of '97 at Yale University have received Junior appointments. This means that in grading the class as to its scholarship during the Freshman and Sophomore years, all the Hawaiians are in the higher grades, which constitute the minority of about 300 students composing the class. The names of the Hawaiians are William A. Baldwin, C. M. Cooke, Jr., William C. Cooke, A. F. Judd, Jr. and J. R. Judd.

## Declined to Co-operate.

LONDON, Eng., Nov. 7.—The governments of South Australia, West Australia and Tasmania have declined to co-operate with the other interested governments in pushing the project for a Pacific submarine cable.

## Wouldn't You?

If I had a son who would smoke cigarettes, I'd instill him With thoughts of the evils the habit begets, And I'd fill him With dread of it all. How to flee from its nets I would drill him. And if that did no good, without any regrets I would kill him.

## A Legal Light.

"I guess I better plead guilty," said the gentleman who was in jail on a charge of stealing a bicycle. "Not much you won't," said the lawyer. "I've got two lively stable keepers and a nervous, near-sighted man on the jury."—Indianapolis Journal.

## HOW TO PREVENT CROUP.

SOME READING THAT WILL PROVE INTERESTING TO YOUNG MOTHERS HOW TO GUARD AGAINST THE DISEASE.

Croup is a terror to young mothers and to them concerning the cause, first symptoms and treatment is the object of this item. The origin of croup is a common cold. Children who are subject to it take cold very easily and croup is almost sure to follow. The first symptom is hoarseness; this is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough, which is easily recognized and will never be forgotten by one who has heard it. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is freely given all tendency to croup will soon disappear. Even after the croupy cough has developed it will prevent the attack. There is no danger in giving this remedy for it contains nothing injurious. For sale by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

BOSTON LINE OF PACKETS.

The Bark "Iolani"

Will go on the berth in New York on or about January 1st, and sail for this port on or about

FEBRUARY 1st, 1895.

If sufficient inducement offers. For particulars, call or address CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kibby street, Boston, or C. BREWER & CO., Ld., Agents, Honolulu.

**Rubber Stamps**

AT GAZETTE OFFICE.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Captain Scott, of the police department, is very ill with malarial fever and whooping cough.

Henry Smith has been appointed commissioner to make partition of land in suit of Wong Wa Foy vs. Kaili.

Professor Ingalls of Punahou has been confined to his room for the past week on account of an attack of the grippe.

At a meeting of the Board of Immigration, held yesterday morning, the subject of Japanese immigration was discussed.

The European sugar production for 1895-6 is estimated at 3,680,000 tons, a falling off of 854,000 tons from the previous year.

The Rev. W. H. Barnes, formerly of Honolulu, has been appointed organizing secretary for the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel at Manchester, England.

The Hollister Drug Company filled an order from Australia for forty gross of Painkiller. This is a large and unusual shipment of goods of this character from this port.

The surgeons of the O. S. S. Mariposa and Australia have changed places. Surgeon Grover came down in the Australia on her last trip, and Surgeon Soule is now on the Mariposa.

Kahuku Boy is in town and will try conclusions in the New Year's day races. The track at Kapiolani has been rendered heavy by the late rains, making it all but impossible to work the horses satisfactorily.

The Punahou organ for Pauahi hall will be here very soon. The block tin pipes should be here on the next steamer. It is expected that the organ will be in place about the middle of January next.

## Planters' Attention!

We keep in stock, for the supplying of short notice requirements, a small stock of each brand

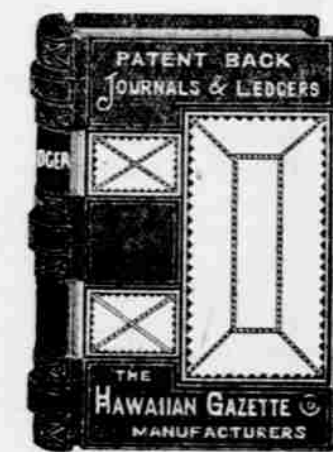
CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS FERTILIZERS.

(J. E. MILLER, Manager.)

We have on hand today a quantity of the DIAMOND A and

"HIGH GRADE" Fertilizers Send in your orders,

C. BREWER & CO., (LTD.) Agents California Fertilizer Works.



**PUTNAM'S**

THE modern standard Family Cough Medicine:

CURES the colds and coughs that afflict humanity.

—ONE DOSE OF—

PUTNAM'S CHERRY COUGH COMFORT

GIVES RELIEF; SEVERAL CURE WILL YOU TRY IT?

25c. AND 50c. BOTTLES

HOBSON • DRUG • Co.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS



OF INTEREST TO MANAGERS OF PLANTATIONS.

A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pumps, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

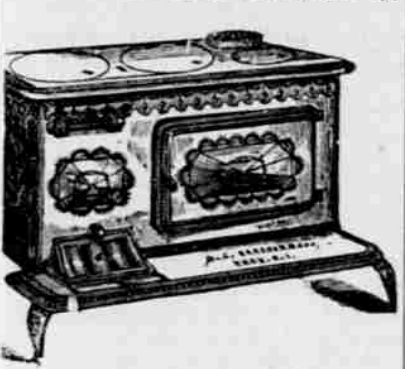
THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and all Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMANN, Manager.

**JOHN NOTT,**

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN



Steel and Iron Ranges, STOVES AND FIXTURES, Housekeeping Goods, AND KITCHEN UTENSILS.

Agate Ware, Rubber Hose, PUMPS, ETC.

PLUMBING, Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Work.

DIMOND BLOCK KING STREET.

Your Stock Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

HAY AND GRAIN BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY

Nouane and Queen Streets. TELEPHONE 121.

AN UP-TO-DATE PIANO

Is the famous KROEGER. It is always in the van of improvement. We are showing a

NEW-STYLE KROEGER

That has recently been put on the market. It is a gem. Liberal discount for cash. Call and see it. It is a beauty.

PIANOS kept in tune for one year gratis. Old instruments taken as part payment. Tuning and repairing a specialty.

T. W. BERGSTROM, THRUM'S BOOK STORE, Honolulu, H. I.

**BENSON, SMITH & CO.,**

Jobbing and Manufacturing

**PHARMACISTS.**

DEALERS IN

**PURE DRUGS,**

Chemicals,

**MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS**

AND

**Patent Medicines**

At the Lowest Prices.

COR. OF FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

**Metropolitan Market**

KING STREET.

**Choicest Meats**

From Finest Herds.

**G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.**

Families and Shipping Supplied

ON SHORT NOTICE

**Lowest Market Prices**

All Meats delivered from this market are Thoroughly Chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

**Beaver Saloon.**

**H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.**

Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has opened the above saloon, where

**FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS**

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine.

**THE FINEST GRADES OF**

Tobaccos, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers has been obtained and will be added to from time to time.

**One of Brunswick & Balke's Celebrated Billiard Tables**

Connected with the establishment, where lovers of the cue can participate.

**ICE & COLD STORAGE**

AT NOMINAL COST.

HALL'S, London, E. C., Patent Carbonic and Hydride Refrigerating and Ice Making Machines, in use throughout Australia and New Zealand. By Hall's process cold-beer dealers, hotels, butchers and dealers in all kinds of perishable articles of food can have fitted small installation machines thoroughly effective, making their own ice at the same time as providing cold storage. No previous knowledge necessary. Any man or woman can run the machine. Hall's Patent Brine Walls, portable, may be used in cold storage chamber. See illustrated catalogue.

**GEORGE CAVENAGH, Agent, Alakea Street.**

P. S.—By the above-named process one to twenty tons of ice per day can be turned out at comparatively small cost.

**CASTLE & COOKE, Ld.,**

Life and Fire

**Insurance Ag'ts.**

AGENTS FOR

**New England Mutual**

**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**

Of Boston.

**Elmo Fire Insurance Company**

Of Hartford.

## INSURANCE

**Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ld.**

AGENTS FOR

**FIRE, LIFE and MARINE INSURANCE.**

**Northern Assurance Co**

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

**BRITISH AND FOREIGN**

**MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ld.,**

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

**THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ld., Agents.**

**German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**

**Fortuna General Insurance Company OF BERLIN.**

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

**Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.**

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

**North British and Mercantile INSURANCE COMPANY.**

TOTAL ASSETS 31ST DEC., 1894,

£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

1—Authorized Capital, £5,000,000

Subscribed Capital, £2,750,000

Paid-up Capital, £87,500 0 0

2—Fire Funds, £4,10,000 7 6

3—Life and Annuity Funds, £5,72,525 14 11

£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

Revenue Fire Branch, £1,540,856 18 9

Revenue Life and Annuity Branches, £1,359,821 16 0

£2,900,678 18 9

The accumulated funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

**ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,**

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

**Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.**

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies, 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance companies, 101,650,000

Total reinsurance, 107,650,000

**North German Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.**

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies, 8,830,000

Capital their reinsurance companies, 35,000,000

Total reinsurance, 43,830,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

**HEALDS**

**BUSINESS COLLEGE,**

24 Post Street, - - San Francisco.

FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS

This college instructs in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

A Department of Electrical Engineering. Has been established under a thoroughly qualified instructor. The course is thoroughly practical. Send for circular.

C. S. HALEY, Secretary.

**The Liverpool and London and Globe INSURANCE COMPANY.**

Established 1836.

Assets - - \$42,032,000

Net Income - - 9,079,000

Claims Paid - - 112,509,000

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dwellings and Furniture on the most favorable terms.

**BISHOP & CO.**



## WHENCE THE OUTBREAK

Imperial Health Officer of Japan  
Discusses Cholera.

## REPLY TO MINISTER IRWIN.

Does Not Deny the Responsibility of  
Steamship Belgic—Cannot Consider  
Ship's Surgeon at Fault—Five Days  
Incubation Theory—Awana Doubtful

The following letter received by the last mail was written in reply to a request made by R. W. Irwin, Hawaiian Minister to Japan:

R. W. IRWIN, Esq., Minister of Hawaii.

DEAR SIR:—As you have asked my opinion, as an expert, with regard to the recent outbreak of disease in Honolulu, I have the honor to reply as follows:

Judging from the data at my disposal, chiefly the material published in the Honolulu newspapers, there appears to be no doubt that the epidemic is one of true cholera; although, so far as I have been able to ascertain, the crucial test of bacteriological examination, with cultures, had not been made up to the time of the leaving of the Coptic. Still, the symptoms of cholera are very distinctive, and, when, to these special symptoms we had added strong epidemic tendency, with a death rate such as has been the rule in Honolulu, the diagnosis of cholera becomes, practically, certain. The only other disease which at all resembles cholera does not occur as epidemics, nor is their mortality anything like as great as that of this pestilence.

As to the possibility of fish-poisoning having caused the epidemic, it could easily be proved, by a similar train of reasoning, when dealing with a fish-eating people, that the prevalence of corns or toothache is due to ichthyophagy (fish-eating). Granting the outbreak to have been one of cholera, the question as to its origin arises. Certainly everything points to its introduction by the S. S. Belgic; but, it by no means follows that the officers or surgeon of that vessel were in any way to blame in the matter, or that its importation could have been prevented by any measures short of absolute interdiction of landing or communication. The facts, as I understand them, and I have taken pains to secure information, are these: The Belgic left this port, for San Francisco, via Honolulu, on the 30th of July. Immediately before her departure I personally, on behalf of the United States authorities, and under the strict provisions of the United States laws of quarantine and emigration, inspected the ship and every person on board, crew, Chinese and Japanese passengers and their effects, and with negative results. The first death on board, that of a Chinese passenger, occurred seven days after leaving Yokohama, and this was followed by two others, also of Chinese, before the arrival of the ship at Honolulu, on the 10th of August. So far as known, neither of these cases showed any symptoms of choleraic character, for the appearance of which among the passengers special watch was enjoined and kept. Had even one of these Chinese suffered from cholera, an extensive outbreak of the disease would certainly have occurred in that crowded steerage, and this despite the strictest precautions that could be taken.

Note, too, that the first death did not take place until seven days after leaving this port. Now, five days is universally acknowledged to be the utmost limit of incubation of cholera, or the period during which the infection can be dormant in the human system, without the appearance of symptoms. So well is this truth recognized that upon it is based the quarantine regulations of all the greater nations, so far as they apply to cholera. This point is of great importance also in connection with the time of the first appearance of the so-called "gastro-intestinal" disease, among the Chinese landed from the Belgic, and in quarantine at Honolulu, which was on the 15th of August, or less than eight or nine days after their arrival. The infection then was, evidently, not transmitted in the usual manner from case to case; how, this being so, we are to account for the outbreak of the cholera in Honolulu?

There are several well known methods of transmission of infection which may have been responsible, excluding the cases of illness on board the Belgic from the consideration. The virus may have been brought in soiled clothing or infected food from Hongkong, where more or less true cholera occurs every year, but it is not reported officially unless severely epidemic; or contaminated food may have been smuggled on board at Yokohama. The latter appears to me the most probable explanation of the facts.

I am rather surprised that so much weight should, apparently, have been given to the declaration of an ignorant Chinese steerage passenger with regard to the nature of the illness from which the man on the Belgic died. Was this man Awana specially competent as an observer? Did he have such relations with the three sick men, of all the hundreds in the steerage, as to place him in a position to observe their symptoms, and so be able to speak of them so confidently?

I do not think the least credence should be given to the statement of Awana as opposed to the expert and official report of the ship's surgeon, a competent man whom I know to have been on the watch for cholera disease—whose interests, personal and professional, would lead him to take the utmost precautions should such unfortunately occur on board, and who would have suffered severely at the hands of his employers, should he carelessly or intentionally suppress the fact of so malignant and fatal a

disease having broken out on a crowded vessel. To suppose that he did so conceal so grave a fact is to assume either the grossest ignorance on his part, so that he failed to recognize a well marked malady for the appearance of which he was particularly on the alert; or else that he, voluntarily and without reasonable motive, risked, not only a dreadful epidemic on board, but the responsibility for the introduction of a new and most fatal disease into a country where it might more than decimate the population, as well as, to say the least, serious delay and expense to his employers, the P. M. S. S. Company, upon arriving at San Francisco if nothing worse. Dr. Bowie I know to be neither an ignoramus nor a scoundrel, and I cannot believe in the possibility of such conduct on his part.

It is to be hoped that the disease has, long ere this, disappeared in the islands, as seemed likely to speedily occur, at the date of the latest reports which have reached here, and entirely as a result of the intelligent action of the evidently very able local sanitary officials.

I am, Sir, very sincerely yours,  
(Signed) STUART ELDRIDGE, M.D.,  
Imperial Health Officer, Yokohama,  
Member Imperial Board of Health,  
and Sanitary Inspector of United States Government at Yokohama.  
Yokohama, Japan, Oct. 10, 1895.

## MADAGASCAN PROTECTORATE.

Believed to Really Amount to Reducing  
Madagascar to a Dependency.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—It is the general opinion of State Department officials that the French have succeeded in making their own terms with Madagascar, and that the protectorate for which the treaty provides really amounts to making Madagascar a dependency of the French Republic. It confirms and extends the claims of the French under the treaty of 1888, and absolutely nullifies the protocol to that agreement, which the Malagasy claimed so modified the treaty as to give them absolute control over their internal affairs. The French Government never recognized the binding effect of this protocol, notwithstanding it was negotiated by the French Plenipotentiary.

The United States has remained neutral on this point, apparently leaving the course to be pursued largely to the American Consul in Madagascar. Consul Waller accepted his exequatur from the native government, while Mr. Wetter applied for his through the French resident, on which account the queen refused to recognize him. He is therefore only acting consul at this time. This protocol expressly reserved to the Hova government the right to control the internal affairs of the island without French interference. The queen of the island acted under the terms of the protocol in making the Waller concessions. The department officials are very guarded in discussing the probable effect of the annulment of the protocol. It is pointed out, however, that it is usual for this government to insist upon recognition of her own treaties regardless of changes of administration in other countries, from which it may be inferred that the United States will demand that property rights acquired by American citizens in Madagascar under the former treaty will be protected. It is not believed, under the circumstances, that if Waller should be restored to the possession of the grant he would find its occupancy either pleasant or profitable, and it is supposed on this account that he would prefer accepting an indemnity from France in lieu of the land itself.

Prices Hitherto Unknown  
IN THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

## TIDINGS FROM TAHITI.

Dictatorial Policy of the French Government in the Marquesas.

The schooner Leon, which arrived from Marquesas Islands on Wednesday, says the San Francisco Examiner of November 4th, brought strange tidings from the group. The Leon is owned by Captain Kennedy, who sailed her to San Francisco. The captain says that the French Government has become very dictatorial in and about Tahiti, and as a consequence business is stagnant.

The Governor of the group has ordained that no copra is to be manufactured for six months, and has prohibited diving for pearl shells in the vicinity of all the islands except two. There are no pearl shells, it is said, in the neighborhood of those islands. The natives have been compelled to plant trees, and are enjoined from picking more coconuts than is necessary for their own use.

An injunction has been placed on American vessels which formerly traded between the islands. They are not permitted to trade now unless they are owned in part by Frenchmen and have a French master in command. The result is that American craft are tied up at nearly every island.

## THEY ALL RODE ASTRIDE.

Chicago Horsewomen Appear in Knickerbockers and Divided Skirts.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Chicago horsewomen today asserted their right to ride astride like men if they wished to. A dozen fair equestriennes, accompanied by four male escorts, galloped through Lincoln Park in the afternoon, and all but one of them bestrode a regulation man's saddle. The solitary exception brought up the rear, as such a woman necessarily must, and she sat on an old fashioned affair with the regulation double horns and single stirrup.

Of the dozen all but four wore divided skirts, and at a distance it was difficult to note the difference from the old way. The skirts only fell to the feet, which showed in the stirrups, and the rider sat more erect than on a side-saddle, but that was all.

The small boys bestowed their remarks and advice on the remaining four. They wore knickerbockers of the latest cut, and what is more, looked well in them.

All the women are members of the North Side Riding Club, and yesterday was their first appearance in public.

Good advice: Never leave the house on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

## HARNESSING A RIVER.

The Government Will Put the Mississippi to Work Now.

DAVENPORT, (Ia.), Nov. 4.—The United States Government has made arrangements with the People's Power Company for the erection of an immense wing dam just above the Government island. Thirty-one turbine wheels will be erected and two 1000 horse-power engines will be put in in addition to the 500 horse-power engines already in operation. This improvement will cost about \$150,000 and will revolutionize the manufacturing industries of Davenport, Rock Island and Moline. Next to the harnessing of Niagara this will be the greatest utilization of water power in the United States.

## BIGGER WAR VESSELS.

England is Increasing the Effectiveness of Her Fleet.

VICTORIA, Nov. 5.—It is reported in naval circles here today that Admiral Stephenson's flagship, the Royal Arthur, will shortly be replaced by the Empress, a fighting cruiser of the first class and a sister ship to the Warspite. For the first time in a decade a flagship will winter this year at Esquimaux, which fact, taken with the news that a majority of the ships on the station are to be relieved by larger and more efficient cruisers, is regarded here as significant in view of Britain's strained relations with Russia in the far East.

## NOTICE TO PLANTERS AND OTHERS.

The Honolulu Iron Works Company having renewed their connection with the NATIONAL TUBE WORKS COMPANY of NEW YORK and are constituted

## SOLE AGENTS FOR THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

For all the various lines of manufacture such as

## Steam Pipe, GALVANIZED WATER PIPE

Artesian Well Tube and Casing, The Concrete Lock-Joint Water Pipe of all sizes.

Steel, and Iron Boiler Tubes, Etc., TOGETHER WITH—

Valves, Cocks, and all kinds of Steam, Water and Gas Fittings.

And will henceforth carry a large stock of said Goods in Honolulu, to enable them to fill all ordinary orders on short notice and at

Prices Hitherto Unknown IN THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

## HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.

## NOTICE.

All advertisements intended to be published in the Semi-weekly GAZETTE must be at the office of the Company not later than 5 o'clock P. M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, and for the KUOKOA, THURSDAYS; otherwise no assurance can be given that same will be published in the first issue following.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO., GEO. H. PARIS, Manager.

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## THANKSGIVING.

SPECIAL NO. 1.

## Keep Him Home

If there's one way of inducing a man to stay at home, it's to make him comfortable for him.

Just imagine papa, hubby or brother trying to resist the temptation to lay off on one off our

## PORTIERE DIVANS

He simply can't do it, and when you own up to him that you only paid

\$12.00

for it, if it's hubby, he will pass off into a dream of his bachelor days, only to awake and offer thanks for the great change and comforts of home.

Sit beside him in one of our handsome

## WICKER ROCKERS OR WICKER CHAIRS

Tell him you bought it for only

\$5.50

and you will awaken an interest in him for the comforts of life. You will be surprised at the effect.

TRY IT, IT WILL KEEP HIM HOME.

## HOPP &amp; CO.,

Furniture Dealers, CORNER KING AND BETHEL STS.

## CASTLE &amp; COOKE

LIMITED, Importers

Hardware

AND GENERAL

MERCHANDISE.

Partial list per Amy Turner of Goods just received from New York.

Wheel Barrows,

Road Scrapers,

Ox Bows,

Hoe Handles,

Barbed Wire,

Asbestos Cement,

MATTOCKS,

Feed Cutters,

Lawn Mowers,

Forges,

Blacksmiths' Bellows,

Machinists' Drill, Vises,

Charcoal Irons,

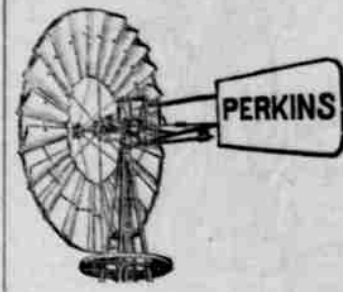
Refrigerators,

FAIRBANK'S SCALES.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ld.

IMPORTERS,

Hardware and General Merchandise.



## THE PERKINS WINDMILL

Is new in this country, but in the United States, THOUSANDS are in use, and on account of their superior strength and easy running qualities, they have taken FIRST RANK among windmills.

We have just received a car load of Mills and can furnish on short notice STEEL GALVANIZED MILLS of 8, 10, and 12-foot diameter and WOOD MILLS of 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18-foot diameter. We have DIRECT MOTION windmills for places where there are steady strong winds, and geared mills which will run in very light winds, but cannot pump so fast as the direct motion mills. Some of our mills have oiled bearings of the most approved kinds, and some the CELEBRATED GRAPHITE BEARINGS, which will run for years without any oil; also STEEL GALVANIZED TOWERS, 30 and 40 feet high.

SEND FOR THE Perkins Catalogue

And read the description of the geared mills for farmers and stockmen. With the use of shafting and pulleys they can be made to grind corn or barley, cut fodder, turn a grindstone and saw your wood.

Wooden Towers can be erected if preferred, and we give directions for the timber and erection. We have also Gould's Lifting and Force.

for house or windmill use. We can furnish redwood tanks, also,

of all sizes from 600 gallons to 10,000 gallons made in the best way and of the best clear redwood.

The perfect satisfaction that the Perkins Windmills and the Goulds Pumps have given wherever they have been used and properly adjusted is a guarantee of their success. Try the Perkins Mill and get something that will stand the strongest wind and yet work well in the lightest Southerly wind.

POCKET KODAK \$5.50.

Loaded for Twelve Pictures.

Makes pictures large enough to be good for contact printing and good enough to enlarge to any reasonable size. "One button does it. You press it." Weighs only five ounces. HERE! ANOTHER!

Kombi! Kombi! Kombi!

Loaded for Twenty-five Pictures.

This little camera can be carried in the pocket. Nothing is left undone to make it a perfect little gem of a camera. Can be used as a snap shot or time exposure. So simple that a boy or a girl can use it. Twenty-five perfect exposures one loading. Every KOMBI guaranteed.

Both of these Cameras can be loaded or film changed in daylight. We have on exhibition an assortment of pictures taken with these cameras which are perfect in every detail.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY.

THE PACIFIC HOSPITAL STOCKTON, CAL.

—UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF—

DR. F. P. CLARK, Medical Dept. DR. C. A. BULLOCK, Asst. Physician. DR. C. CLARK, Business Manager.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL for the CARE and TREATMENT of MENTAL and NERVOUS DISEASES, MORPHINE and COCAINE HABITS.

THE Proprietary Institution known as The Pacific Hospital is especially devoted to the care and treatment of Mental and Nervous Diseases. The buildings are spacious and comfortable, having been constructed for the accommodation of over 300 patients, and they are pleasantly situated in the suburbs of Stockton, and surrounded by attractive grounds of 40 acres in extent, with cultivated gardens and pleasant walks. Its advantages over public institutions is facility of admission and procuring extra accommodations, if required, are obvious. For terms and other particulars apply to the Management. REFERENCES:

DR. L. C. LANE.....San Francisco DR. R. H. PLUMMER.....San Francisco

DR. W. H. MAYS.....S. F. ex-Supt. Ins. Asylum DR. E. H. WOOLST. Sur. S. F. Co., and Oakland

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1895-96



